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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. XII. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 24, 1874. NO. 93.

The Daily and Weekly Commercial—Newspaper Decisions. 1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or Periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

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SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Government Receipts, Actual and Prospective.

PINCHBACK'S CASE IN CAUCUS.

Action on Louisiana Disturbances Doubtful.

THE SENATE FINANCE BILL.

Its Passage by the House Considered Certain.

IRWIN IN THE CUSTODY OF THE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

Improvement of Postal Arrangements with Railroads.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 23, 1874.

Internal Revenue and Customs Receipts.

The internal revenue receipts for December will reach eight and one-half millions, and the aggregate for the first six months of the fiscal year, upwards of fifty-two millions. The estimated receipts are one hundred and seven millions for the year, with the special taxes coming in in April, May and June. The Commissioner feels confident of the receipts reaching his estimate. In the customs receipts there will be a decline of one million during the first six months of this year, as compared with those of the same months last year. The coin amount will reach seventy-nine millions.

Pinchback and Louisiana.

The Republican caucus of this morning was devoted to Louisiana affairs. The question of the admission of Pinchback was not favorably received, but in the way of a compromise Senator Morton was permitted to report a resolution to the Senate. This, however, does not commit the Senate, as there are important questions involved upon which Republican Senators are by no means of one mind. It is safe to say that Pinchback has no chance of being declared elected to a seat in the Senate, and it is extremely doubtful whether any positive action will be taken to remedy the distractions in Louisiana. A great many Senators are opposed to an unqualified recognition of the Kellogg government. The resolution cannot come up before the middle of January.

The Senate Finance Bill.

The prompt action of the Senate upon the new Finance bill is having a good effect. Though it is not precisely what is wanted by either branch of the financial parties in the Senate, it is satisfactory as being a measure upon which both wings of the Republican party can stand. The conversation of leading Representatives indicates an equally prompt passage in the House, and that it will receive very nearly a party vote. Secretary Bristow, speaking of the Finance bill to-day, said that it was not what the Department desired, but that it would answer better than nothing.

Postal Improvements.

The labors of the Congressional appropriation committees in the Postoffice Department, promise beneficial results in bringing about more satisfactory arrangements with the railroads and in reducing the enormous deficiency in the department. The Postmaster General has been in frequent consultation with the committees, and is making every effort to effect many much needed reforms in his Department.

Irwin, the Silent.

Mr. Irwin is still so ill that no attempt was made to bring him before the bar of the House to-day. During the holiday recess he will remain in the custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms. The question was raised in the Committee on Ways and Means to-day, whether, if Mr. Irwin expressed a disposition to answer the questions propounded to him, a sub-committee could accept his answers. It was decided, however, that Mr. Irwin was in the custody of the House and that, until he appeared at its bar, the committee had no control over him.

Personal.

Senator Scott started for his home to-night, where he will spend the Christmas holidays. Mr. Johnson, Commissioner of Customs, left last night.

BLAIRSVILLE, PA.

Boiler Explosion in a Tannery.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BLAIRSVILLE, PA., December 23, 1874.

The boiler in Charles Kerlar's steam tannery burst to-day at noon. The boiler house was entirely demolished. The timbers caught fire but the fire was extinguished without damage. Nobody was hurt, as the the workmen were at dinner. The cause of the explosion was lack of water and the worn condition of the boiler.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Probabilities for To-Day.—For the Ohio Valley, clearing and cooler weather, with southwest or northwest winds and rising barometer. For the Lower Lake region, light rain or snow, followed by clearing and cooler weather, brisk or high southwest to northwest winds, followed by rising barometer. For the Middle States, cloudy, followed by clearing weather, south or west winds, increasing in force, no decided change in temperature, and rising barometer during the afternoon or evening.

Both branches of the Ohio Legislature adjourned yesterday morning till the 29th instant.

The steamers Assyria, Lessing and Java, from Liverpool, and Westphalia, from Hamburg, have arrived at New York.

Secretary Bristow has directed that the payment of interest due January 1st next shall commence to-day without rebate.

Jacob Kemper, of Brownsville, Licking county, Ohio, was thrown from his wagon and killed, yesterday, five miles north of Columbus.

The Russian difficulties with the Turcoman tribes in Khiva have been settled. The Attruk expedition has returned without fighting.

The father of Charlie Ross offers five thousand dollars for the return of the child or information that may lead to his recovery—and no questions asked.

The Ways and Means Committee will continue in New York, on Saturday, the investigation in the matter of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's subsidy.

Thomas Cottrell Clark died on Tuesday in Camden, N. J. He was the first editor of the Philadelphia *Saturday Evening Post*, and at one time editor of the *Saturday Courier*.

Mr. Childers, first Lord of the British Admiralty, visited the Navy Department yesterday, and afterwards, accompanied by Secretary Robeson, inspected the signal bureau.

The Vienna *New Free Press* says that the documents read in the secret session of the Arnim trial explained the policy of Germany in regard to the appointment of a successor to Pope Pius IX.

General Ord, at Omaha, has received information that a party of twenty-one white men, with six teams, were at the eastern foot of the Black Hills. A company of cavalry has been ordered to pursue and expel the invaders.

King Kalakaua left Washington yesterday morning for New York. Secretary Fish and other members of the Cabinet accompanied His Majesty in the President's carriage to the railroad stations and there took leave of the King.

The London *Times* considers the removal of Benjamin Moran, Chief Secretary of the United States Legation at London, a misfortune both to England and America, adding that this country never had a more honest representative.

The canvass of the Louisiana Returning Board shows the election of four Conservative and two Republican Congressmen, and seventy-one Conservative and thirty-seven Republican members of the Legislature. Monroe is elected State Treasurer by 4,851 majority.

Chief Engineer Hill, of the Cleveland Fire Department, is charged with willful neglect of duty, misapplying funds, mutilating records, corruption in connection with hose contracts and bribery. The Board of Fire Commissioners asked for his resignation, which he refused. The Board then discharged him and placed the department in charge of First Assistant Engineer Bennett.

A Reward is Offered

for a floor that will make as much or as good bread as the great White River, for the price.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE

England.

A REPLY TO GLADSTONE'S "EXPOSTULATION."

LONDON, December 23.—Monseigneur Capel has published a pamphlet in reply to Gladstone's "Expostulation." He says Gladstone's pamphlet resembles Dr. Schulte's work on the power of theiPontiff, which enables Capel to use Monseigneur Fessler's answer, entitled "True and False Infallibility."

Marine News.

LONDON, December 23.—Steamships Ville de Paris, Spain and Elysia, arrived out.

European Markets.

LONDON, December 23, 5 P. M.—Consols for money 93⅝@93⅝; for account 93⅝@93⅞. United States bonds—5-20's, 1865, 105¾; do, 1867, 107; 10-40's, 101; new 5's, 103. New York Central 93; Erie 25; do preferred 42. Refined petroleum 25@25½d.

LIVERPOOL, December 23.—Cotton quiet; middling upland 7½@7⅝d; Orleans 7¾d. Sales 12,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export and 7,000 American. Breadstuffs quiet. Corn 30s 3d@30s 9d. Lard 64s. Bacon 50s 6d. Long clear middles 53s; shoulders, new, 37s; long clear middles 51s.

XLIII. CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 23, 1874.

The Senate was called to order by Chief Clerk McDonald, who read a communication from Vice President Wilson, stating that he would be absent from the city upon the meeting of the Senate to-day, and requesting him to inform the Senate of the fact.

Mr. ANTHONY offered a resolution declaring that in the absence of the Vice President, Matthew H. Carpenter be chosen President *pro tem.* of the Senate.

Mr. ANTHONY nominated Matthew H. Carpenter.

Mr. STEPHENSON nominated A. G. Thurman.

The vote being taken, resulted: Carpenter 33, Thurman 18.

Upon taking the chair, Mr. CARPENTER said: "Senators, please accept my thanks for this renewed expression of kindness and favor. The only return I can make will be an impartial discharge of my duties, which I shall endeavor to accomplish."

Mr. ANTHONY presented the memorial of the widow of Commander W. B. Cushing, United States Navy, for a pension. Referred.

Mr. WRIGHT offered an amendment in the nature of a substitute for the bill to provide a better government for the District of Columbia. Ordered printed and to lie on the table.

The Senate then went into executive session, and soon afterward adjourned till January 5th.

HOUSE.

Mr. MAYNARD desired to go to the Speaker's table for the purpose of taking up the Senate Finance bill.

Mr. RANDALL remarked that the Civil Rights bill would be reached on the Speaker's table before the Finance bill, and therefore objected.

Mr. CESSNA suggested that unanimous consent might be given to lay aside the Civil Rights bill without prejudice.

Mr. RANDALL remarked that there were other objectionable measures on the Speaker's table.

Mr. MAYNARD then asked unanimous consent to take the Finance bill from the Speaker's table and make some disposition of it.

Mr. RANDALL was about to renew his suggestion, when Mr. DAWES interposed a motion to go to business on the Speaker's table. This being regarded on the Democratic side of the House as an unfriendly motion for a purpose to force the measure in spite of opposition, it was met by a resort to filibustering motions.

Mr. MAYNARD made another effort to avoid the impending dead-lock, and asked unanimous consent to have the bill made the special order in the House for the 8th of January.

Mr. DAWES—Why not act on the bill to-day?

Members on both sides—It is a matter of too much importance. We have not read it yet.

Mr. RANDALL—We all agree on this side to do what is fair. The gentleman from Tennessee has made his request. We have no objection whatever to it on this side.

Mr. MAYNARD—The gentleman (Randall) and his associates are content that the bill shall be made the special order for the 8th of January, and if that is the best that we can do in the premises, why not do it?

Mr. DAWES—What is to hinder our reaching it by going to the Speaker's table now?

Mr. RANDALL—Because the Civil Rights bill would be reached first.

Mr. DAWES—That bill can be postponed by a majority.

Mr. BECK—A postponement would give it a chance of being considered, and we are determined it shall not be considered before the 4th of March.

Mr. PLATT hoped that his party in the House would show as much backbone as the Southern had shown, and cut the bill if it took two weeks.

Mr. COX asked the Speaker whether the bill was not subject to the point of order that it must receive its first consideration in Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER stated that he never ruled on hypothetical points. When the bill was reached he would rule upon it.

Mr. CESSNA remarked that the Judiciary Committee had had an informal understanding not to act on the Civil Rights bill till after the holidays, and that if it were reached he would ask unanimous consent that it should remain in its present condition.

After further discussion and taking of votes by yeas and nays, it was ordered that the bill be made the special order for the 7th of January.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 23, 1874.

LATEST FROM THE JAPAN.

The following dispatch was received today by the Directors of the Pacific Mail Company in relation to the loss of the steamer Japan:

HONG KONG, December 22.—Drowned, chief cook Cusack; missing, engineer Bennett and quartermasters Hutton and Harris.

ARRIVAL AND RECEPTION OF KALAKAUA.

King Kalakaua arrived here from Washington this afternoon. He was met at the Jersey City depot by the resident Hawaiian Consul and an Aldermanic Committee. The Chairman of the Committee welcomed the King, and extended the hospitalities and freedom of the city during his stay. His Majesty replied in a brief speech, and the party then took a boat and proceeded to this city. The Independent Troop of cavalry was drawn up in line to receive the distinguished guest. Headed by a detachment of mounted police and the cavalry, the procession proceeded up Courtlandt street to Broadway, thence to Fourteenth street and along Fifth avenue to the hotel, where the King was received by Mayor Vance and a number of prominent city officials. The Mayor tendered the hospitalities of the city to the royal visitor. The King made a brief response, and His Majesty and suite retired to their rooms. In the evening the King took dinner privately with members of the Common Council. Subsequently he had an informal reception, and was serenaded by the Seventh Regiment band. To-morrow he will have a sleighride through Central Park, and visit the Normal School, the Produce, Cotton and Stock Exchanges and the Chamber of Commerce. The committee have arranged to take him to Booth's Theater in the evening, but he prefers the Black Crook, and the programme has been changed.

FIRE RECORD.

Eight or Ten Buildings Burned at Clinton, Ohio.

CLEVELAND, December 23.—A fire at Clinton, Ohio, fourteen miles south of Akron, last night, destroyed eight or ten buildings, including Dr. Chamberlain's block and drug store, a hotel and two dry goods stores. A steamer was procured from Canal Fulton in time to prevent the fire from crossing the street.

Midland, Mich.—$30,000.

DETROIT, December 23.—Larkins & Law's shingle mill, at Midland, Mich., was destroyed by fire last night. Loss about $30,000; insurance $12,000.

Bark Foundered—Eighteen Lives Lost.

QUEENSTOWN, December 23.—The bark Norge from New York November 19th, for this port, arrived with two survivors of the crew of the bark Amity. The latter foundered on the voyage from Philadelphia for Antwerp, and eighteen of the crew drowned.

St. Louis—$50,000.

ST. LOUIS, December 23.—An unusually disastrous fire broke out in the extensive tobacco factory of Wise & Soudheimer, 806 North Main street, about six o'clock this evening, and before it could be got under control, the entire stock and machinery, valued at $25,000 to $30,000, were consumed. The building, which was owned by the Boyce and Horney estate, was damaged about $20,000. The adjoining building, occupied as a machine shop by Smith, Beggs & Co., large manufacturers of engines and heavy machinery of various kinds, was crushed by the falling walls of the tobacco factory, and the stock, machinery and building damaged $5,000.

Bold Robberies in the East End.

Lieutenant Chidlow, of the city police, on duty in the East End, reports several bold robberies and a burglary. On Wednesday evening at a comparatively early hour, the residence of Col. F. M. Guthrie, on Fifth avenue, near Shady lane, was entered. The house was thoroughly ransacked, and the thieves captured a considerable amount of goods. Col. Guthrie was down town attending to and participating in the drill of the Grays in City Hall. It is said the rascals damaged the parlor furniture, and were chased away by their discovery by Mrs. Guthrie.

A man named Steinhart was arrested at an early hour yesterday morning having in his possession some seventeen Christmas trees. It was ascertained that they had been cut from trees on the lands of Messrs. Pattison, Vandervort, Van Gorder and Rea.

A man named Heberman was also arrested for a similar larceny from the grounds of tax payer George Finley. The parties were jailed for a hearing before Deputy Mayor Nichols.

Look Out for Dealers

that represent they have White River Flour under other brands. This is often done to make sales.

FROM MARQUETTE, MICH.

Circular of the Michigan Iron Company—Petition to Congress—New Land Companies.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

MARQUETTE, MICH., December 21, 1874.

The following circular was issued on Saturday:

OFFICE MICHIGAN IRON COMPANY, MARQUETTE, December 18, 1874.

To Our Creditors—We understood "The Republic Iron Company," through its agent here, Mr. Powell Stackhouse, has addressed you a circular letter, asking you to join him in his efforts to force the "Michigan Iron Company" into bankruptcy.

This action on the part of Mr. Stackhouse, we have reason to believe, has been actuated by a feeling of personal animosity, emanating from our refusal to prefer the Republic Company's claim to those of our other creditors.

His action does not meet with the approval of the directors of his company residing here, and is severely condemned by all who are acquainted with the business relations of the two companies.

We can only say that our furnaces are doing well; our whole management has met with the approval of all unprejudiced iron men, and should the Republic Company gain their point, we cannot see how any new management would enhance the interests of our creditors.

Should an improvement take place next season, as we anticipate, in the iron market, we shall be able to do well for all our creditors. Meantime we shall be working up our stock of wood and cost, thereby constantly increasing our assets for your benefit.

In reference to the pending suits mentioned by Mr. Stackhouse, some have been discontinued, the parties having acquainted themselves with our condition, and the others are having our attention, and we expect to be able to settle them satisfactorily to all concerned.

If, however, the majority of our creditors consider it best for their interests that we should go into bankruptcy, we will, at their request, take steps to place our affairs in the hands of a receiver.

THE MICHIGAN IRON CO.

The following memorial to Congress is being extensively circulated to-day:

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the United States:

Your petitioners, citizens of ———, in the State of ———, respectfully represent:

That ever since 1858 the mining companies in the Upper Peninsula of Michigan, by reason of their remote and isolated situation, have been accustomed to make payments to their laborers and of other indebtedness, by means of drafts for small amounts drawn upon their agents or treasurers in the Eastern cities; that such drafts, in the ordinary course of business, speedily found their way to the drawees, by whom they were paid; that these drafts were never designed to receive any circulation like that of paper currency, or any other circulation than such as was casual and incidental to their passage to their place of payment.

Your petitioners further represent that the parties who have issued and circulated these drafts have never intended to act in contravention to any law of the United States; but that some of the officers of the Internal Revenue service have claimed that their use was a technical violation of the revenue laws, and that therefore the use of such drafts has been and still is unlawful and has now entirely ceased.

Your petitioners represent further, that the Revenue Department proposes to assess a tax against so many parties and for such large amounts, for selling such drafts, as would, if collection could be enforced, obliterate the business and industry of the entire section; and that the assertion of such claims is a source of great annoyance, perplexity, discomfort and financial embarrassment to the community which has already suffered untold losses by reason of the great prostration of the iron trade, that would be inflicted.

Your petitioners therefore earnestly pray your honorable bodies speedily to pass for the relief of these parties a bill now before the House of Representatives, introduced by Hon. Jay A. Hubbell, numbered 2,880.

Two new companies have been formed here recently, called the "Shingwaba Mineral Land Company" and the "Chicago Mineral Land Company." Mr. Robert Nelson, the originator of both companies, merges some 16,000 acres of land into both. The companies will begin explorations in the spring, with the ultimate object of mining. W. R.

LAKE SUPERIOR IRON DISTRICT.

Shipments of Ore and Metal During the Season.

[From the Marquette Mining Journal.]

The following table exhibits, in gross tons, the shipments of iron ore and pig iron from this port up to and including Thursday, December 17, 1874:

ORE.			
Cleveland	96,536	New York	10,495
Lake Superior	84,323	Shenango	5,729
Champion	46,420	Rolling Mill	4,256
Washington	25,574	Edwards	2,849
Republic	117,239	Winthrop	4,570
Keystone	37,367	McComber	1,145
Kloman	34,581	Lake Angeline	1,145
Total			449,427

PIG IRON.			
Michigan Iron Co.	8,971	Carp furnace	1,577
Morgan furnace	7,000	Ishpeming furnace	457
Bancroft furnace	5,536	Iron Cliffs Co.	1,575
Champion furnace	408	Rolling Mill	1,761
Grace furnace	5,099		
Total			29,515
Total ore and pig iron			469,942

The following table exhibits all the shipments of iron ore and pig iron in the season of 1874, so far as we have been able to obtain the figures. The shipments of a few tunnes to local furnaces are not given, but will be added hereafter:

ORE.			
Republic	117,606	Winthrop	8,242
Cleveland	108,532	Rolling Mill	14,796
Superior	91,258	P. & L. S.	2,262
New York	78,574	Goodrich	3,048
Saginaw	45,449	Salisbury	2,236
Jackson	85,671	Edwards	2,849
Cascade	14,839	Home	2,139
Burnum	28,056	Tod Lake	2,010
Champion	46,943	Carr	948
Washington	57,890	Howell Hoppock	956
Lake Angeline	29,457	Emma	728
Kloman	35,068	Bagaley	541
Michigamme	45,125	Excelsior	959
Spurr Mountain	42,098	Williams	936
Foster	1,143	Stewart	905
Keystone	5,489	Allen	951
Shenango	5,499	Gilmore	192
Total iron ore			880,147

PIG IRON.			
Pioneer furnace	8,588	Carp	1,575
Deer Lake furnace	5,036	Ishpeming	459
Escanaba furnace	5,133	Rolling Mill	1,761
Michigan furnace	7,971	Bay	1,579
Morgan	7,000	Munising	6,100
Bancroft	3,596		
Champion	408	Total pig iron	59,435
Grace	5,099		
Total ore and pig iron			939,690

The above does not include shipments from the Menominee and Fayette furnaces, nor that shipped by the Iron Cliffs Company by rail south of Escanaba. The totals are approximate only, but we hope to be able to give the exact figures in our next issue.

STATE NEWS.

Diptheria is alarmingly prevalent in Warren.

Over sixty nations now burn our Pennsylvania coal oil.

The collieries in the Lykens Valley region are all idle.

Dr. John B. Mitchell, a prominent citizen of Chester, died on the 19th inst.

The Pine ironworks, in Douglas township, Berks county, are running full time.

The *Chronicle* says laudanum drinking is a much too-prevalent custom in Allentown.

Mr. Jesse Hawley, of the Reading *Eagle*, has gone to Florida in search of better health.

Mrs. Daniel Gross is the oldest person in Montgomery county. She is in her ninety-third year.

Some of the Reading people want their new city charter repealed, and are working to secure that end.

There were three hundred and twenty deaths in Philadelphia, last week—fifty-eight from consumption.

Mr. Theodore F. Russell, an attache of the Pottsville *Journal*, died on the 19th inst., aged thirty-one years.

The pupils of the Moravian Female Seminary, at Bethlehem, have subscribed $100 to the Centennial. Patriotic girls!

An old lady of eighty-four years, in Carrolltown, Cambria county, is now engaged at needle-work—making her own shroud.

A number of gentlemen of Easton are going to start a sinking fund in the shape of a Democratic weekly paper in that place.

Mrs. James Blair, of Plaingrove township, Lawrence county, was burned to death on the 15th inst. Her clothes caught fire at the stove.

Mrs. Clara Riley, of Chester, aged about nineteen years, committed suicide on the 14th inst., by taking arsenic. It is thought she had contemplated the act for some time.

A gentleman in Reading, opposed to fussy funerals, has provided in his will that, when he dies, his body shall be buried as quietly and with as little display as possible.

Henry Moyer, of Millcreek township, Lebanon county, has a horse thirty-five years old, which is yet able to do as much work as one seven years old, and which paces as smoothly as ever.

The imports of the port of Erie in 1874 were, 206,435 bushels of barley, 1,960,481 bushels of corn, 295,647 barrels of flour, 134,162 tons of iron ore, 29,762,987 feet of lumber, 594,839 bushels of oats, 77,846 bushels of peas, 2,163 tons of pig iron, and 3,558,007 bushels of wheat.

There died in Philadelphia, last week, ten persons who had reached or passed the advanced age of eighty years, as follows: Joseph Gilkeson, aged eighty; Hosea Toomey, eighty; John Newhouse, eighty-one; Jane Risdon, eighty-one; Owen Cadwalader, eighty-two; Mary M. Collins, eighty-three; Abby DeHaven, eighty-four; Adam Southern, eighty-six; Ann Kerr, ninety, and Jane McMinn, ninety-three.

An Altoona firm of capitalists purchased four thousand acres of land in Clearfield township recently, and after sinking a shaft to the depth of sixty feet, most of the way through rock, in a portion of their purchase they found a coal deposit six feet eight inches in thickness. It is their impression that this vein underlies the whole tract, and if such should prove to be the case they may consider their fortunes as good as made.

OHIO NEWS.

The saloon keepers' union in Youngstown is dead.

Two applications for divorce per day, are made at Dayton.

Kelley's Island produced 235,000 gallons of wine the past season.

The crusaders are preparing for a vigorous campaign at Mount Vernon.

Xenia is to have a glass furnace that will turn out a large quantity of glass.

The Society of Friends have commenced building a school house at Barnesville.

Eight hundred barrels of wild ducks have been shipped from Fremont, this season.

Cincinnati is to have a permanent art museum. Mr. Probasco has taken the matter in hand.

There is no prospect of an early resumption of Brown, Bonnell & Co.'s iron works, at Youngstown.

The fourth annual reunion of the old Nineteenth Ohio regiment takes place at Ravenna on Friday, January 1st.

A Toledo policeman was dismissed from the force because he was afraid to tackle a "ghost" that he thought he saw.

The proprietors of the Chillicothe foundry and machine works have reduced the wages of employees about thirteen per cent.

A two-legged hog ate two and a half cans of raw oysters, a half pound of crackers and five pickles, in Tiffin, the other day, on a wager.

"Santa Claus" made an early visit to an Akron man, and he came "with a vengeance," too. Three of 'em, at thirteen pounds apiece.

The books for the Miami Valley Narrow Gauge Railroad were opened at Lebanon Monday, and in one hour's time $25,000 were subscribed.

The Guernsey *Times* says that iron manufacturers in Belmont county are seriously considering the propriety of reducing the wages of operatives.

At Kenton, a few days ago, Michael Shartill fell into a vat of hot water and was so badly scalded, before he could be rescued, as to cause his death.

A young man by the name of William Dunham, at work in a saw mill near Ripley, was thrown upon the saw and instantly killed, on Monday.

The Cleveland *Plain Dealer* says that it is expected that the Valley Railway will be in active operation by the first of July next from Cleveland to Canton.

On Sunday week, William Morken of Lawrence township, Washington county, tumbled down a steep hillside, striking a stump, and was found some hours later, dead.

Tax Collector Enjoined.

A bill in equity has been filed in the District Court against the city of Pittsburgh, L. B. Richards, and James Shinn, by Maria Bell and others, who owns twenty lots on Fifth avenue, Twentieth ward, in O'Hara's plan, and who owns all the personal property on the premises, which is held, however, by Michael O'Hara under a lease. The taxes on all the lots comprised in the plan, numbering over 200, amount to $3,000, and on failure of payment a warrant was put in the hands of collector Richards, who recently caused a levy to be made by Constable Shaw, a constable, for the whole amount of the taxes upon the personal property of the complainant, notwithstanding she had deposited the full amount of taxes due upon her property. Notice was given to O'Hara that the property would be sold, but none to the complainant. The case being clearly in violation of law, the Court issued an injunction restraining the defendants from further proceeding with the arrangement of a sale.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record in the office of Ralph J. Richardson, County Recorder, December 23, 1874:

Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh—A. A. Fuhrer to George W. Schmidt, June 2, 1873; lot on Friendship avenue, 100x234 feet..... $3,275

Hampton township—John McMaslin to John Lunch, March 23, 1874; ten acres land..... $80

First ward, Allegheny—Central Building and Loan Association to Jane C. Leckey, October 31, 1873; lot 20x100 feet, Rebecca street..... $1,200

Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh—Eleanor Stotler to Miles Gallagher, July 31, 1874; lot on Evaline street, 20x105 feet..... $5,500

Thirty-first ward—Bernard Krugh to Peter Wilhelm, November 5, 1874; lot 25x150 feet, Washington road..... $5,500

DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER is always strictly pure, and also put up full weight. It costs no more than impure baking powders, of light or short weight.

Use Non-Explosive Oil.

Sold by T. C. Jenkins, Checkered Front. Every dealer should have it.

White River Flour

And the Most Complete Assortment of

GROCERIES

AND

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

IN PENNSYLVANIA.

☞ NO CHARGES FOR DRAYAGE.
☞ No Retail House connected.

☞ *Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—EVERY PERSON TO GET their Photographs at BASSFORD'S, 70 Sixth street. Prices reduced and satisfaction guaranteed.

WANTED—EVERY SPORTSMAN—To call or send for a price list of Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, &c. Address, H. JOHNSTON, Great Western Gun Works, 253 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—ROOM WITH POWER—First and second or second and third story Rooms, with about 10 horse power, for manufacturing purposes. Address, stating location, size and price, Postoffice Box 959, City.

WANTED—MODELS — INVENTORS and others wanting Patent Office Models or Experimental Machinery made, apply at Keystone Pattern and Model Works of J. F. MILLER & CO., 98 Water street and 89 First avenue.

WANTED — PROPOSALS — FOR Building the three-story Brick Dwelling Houses, parties bidding to take two Building in Thirty-second Ward as part pay on contract of the buildings. For further particulars apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, 104 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—TO IRON AND STEEL MANUFACTURERS—By a Man just arrived from England, of ten years' experience in constructing Siemens' Regenerative Gas Furnaces in England and Wales, when a situation as Foreman in a Rolling Mill. Thoroughly understands Plans and making Gas. Willing to work on moderate wages. Address Box A D.

NOTICES.

☞ TO WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA AND EASTERN OHIO LYCEUMS AND LITERARY ASSOCIATIONS.—RICHARD BEALL, of Philadelphia, Counsellor-at-Law, will make a limited number of engagements to deliver his Lecture on "Poetry," in contiguous localities. Terms moderate. Address this office. TTSSU

☞ OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY, Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1874.—Consumers would be promoting their own interests and would more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, should they decide to remove during the leave their Meters Tested to leave their orders at the office or their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention. E. R. SMITH, Inspector.

RELIGIOUS.

☞ CHRISTMAS — ST. PETER'S CHURCH, corner Grant street and Diamond. The enterprising congregation of this church are making most elaborate preparations for Christmas. The Church is to be decorated in a way more beautiful and artistic than ever.

ON THURSDAY EVENING the annual "Children's Service" will be held. Carols and Anthems will be sung by the Choirs. There will be the distribution of Gifts from a Christmas Tree, and public catechising of the children. The services will commence at 6 P. M.

ON CHRISTMAS DAY there will be service at 10½ A. M., with administration of the Holy Communion and an appropriate Sermon by the Rector.

The public are cordially invited to attend these services.

OLD TEA HOUSE

TEAS,

A SPECIALTY.

Christmas Dinner.

Oysters.

FRESH OYSTERS, PICKLED OYSTERS, SPICED OYSTERS.

Soup.

TERRAPIN, GREEN TURTLE, MOCK TURTLE, CHICKEN, JULIENNE, BEEF, OXTAIL, MACARONI, TOMATO, VERMICELLI, SPLIT PEA.

Fish.

FRESH SALMON, FRESH MACKEREL, SPICED SALMON, LOBSTERS, FRESH HALIBUT, CLAMS, MUSCLES, KIPPERED HERRING, SCHRIMPS, YARMOUTH BLOATERS.

Roast.

ROAST CHICKEN, ROAST BEEF, ROAST TURKEY, ROAST VEAL, ROAST DUCK, ROAST LAMB.

Meat.

HAMS, BACON, BEEF TONGUES, DRIED BEEF, CORNED BEEF, SAUSAGE.

French Vegetables.

TRUFFES, ARTICHOKES, CHAMPIGNONS, CEPS, ASPARAGUS, HARIGOT'S FLAGEOLETS, PETITS POIS FINS, HARIGOT'S VERTS.

American Vegetables.

ONEIDA CORN, TOMATO, SPRING BEANS, SUCCOTASH, LIMA BEANS, PUMPKIN, ASPHARAGUS, GUMBO (OKRA).

Relishes.

SPANISH OLIVES, MACARONI, NASTURTIONS, BENGAL CHUTNA, FRENCH MUSTARD, ESSENCE OF SHRIMPS, MANGO PICKLES, ESSENCE OF ANCHOVIES, CURRIE POWDER, ESS. OF ANCHOVIES, SALAD DRESSING, MUSHROOM CATSUP, ITALIAN PASTE, WALNUT CATSUP, OLIVES STUFFED WITH ANCHOVIES, PARMESAN. ROQUEFORT, ENGLISH PICKLES AND SAUCES.

Pates.

CHICKEN PIE, PATE DE FOIES GRAS, YORKSHIRE PIE, HAM PIES, IRISH STEW, PLUMB PUDDING.

Cheese.

STILTON, NEUCHATEL, CHEDDAR, PINE APPLE, SAP SAGO, EDAM, SWITZER, LIMBURGER, YORK AMERICA, MEDIUM COUNTY, GOSHEN, PARMESAN. ROQUEFORT.

Fresh Fruit.

NECTARINES, RED CHERRIES, APRICOTS, EGG PLUMS, MALAGA GRAPES, DAMSONER PLUMS, STRAWBERRIES, GREEN GAGES, QUINCES, PEACHES, WHITE CHERRIES, BLACKBERRIES, BARTLETT PEARS.

Chinese Preserves.

CHINESE GINGER, CUMCUAT ORANGES, CRYSTAL GINGER, CHINESE CHOW-CHOW.

Nuts.

WALNUTS, BRAZIL, FILBERTS, LANCASTERDOC, PECANS, IVICA ALMONDS, PRINCESS PAPER SHELL, SEEDLESS.

Raisins.

CHOICE DEHESA, VALENCIA, LONDON LAYERS, MUSCATELS, SULTANA, CROWN LAYERS, SEEDLESS.

Coffee.

MOCHA, OLD GOV. JAVA, LIBERIA, MARACAIBO, RIO, LA GUAYRA, FRENCH.

Teas.

GREEN, BLACK, ENG. BREAKFAST, ORANGE FLAVORED, JAPAN. THEA NECTAR.

☞ GARDEN GROWN TEA.

Chocolates.

CHOCOLATE MENIER, BRONA, CHOCOLATE VANILLA, COCOA, CHOCOLATE PASTE, COCOA SHEELS, CHOCOLATE MAILLARD, CRACKED COCOA.

☞ RACHGUT, the New Parisian Drink.

D. M. Jenkins,

20 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—700 POUNDS MINION TYPE, nearly new. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—AN OSGOOD DREDGE—E Machinery and Boat in perfect order. Apply to ISH. HENDERSON, Limited, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—OAK TANNED LEATHER Belting and No. 1 "Coity Finish" Harness Leather at THORP & DUNN'S, 11 Market street.

FOR SALE—PLANING MILL MACHINERY—Priced to suit the times. Every Machine guaranteed. Send for Descriptive Circular and price list. M. B. COULTER & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS and Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. A. M. HILL & CO., corner Martin avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW DOUBLE-FLU

The Commercial.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1874.

AND now the restoration of the historian MOTLEY to the diplomatic corps is said to be under consideration. It is to be hoped the information is incorrect. Such a step would be a blunder almost too huge for contemplation.

THE St. Louis *Dispatch* editorially reaffirms its conviction that "it is no longer any harm to kill carpet-baggers"—and the New York *Tribune* cuddles under the same political bed-clothes with the author of the atrocious doctrine.

THE New York *Herald* has of late toned down the "display lines" with which it was wont to startle its bamboozled readers. Now let it conquer its silly conceitedness and insufferable propensity for self-boasting, and a still more marked improvement will be visible.

WE STAND on the threshold of Christmas Day. There is too little Christmas in the world. The love which is the soul of the sweet time should not be left out of three hundred and sixty-four days of the year, in order that it may blaze up like a rocket on the three hundred and sixty-fifth.

WE ARE sorry that Senator SCHURZ should have had occasion to deny the statement attributed to him, to the effect that he had declared he would not accept any renomination or re-election to the Senate from the Missouri Democrats. The report that he had done so was altogether to his credit.

BROWN, the Canadian Government agent, has again made his appearance in Washington, trying to work the Reciprocity Treaty through the Senate. This is not that BROWN who has acquired such wide notoriety as the confidential personal attendant of Queen VICTORIA: he is merely a lacquey of the British free traders.

IT IS gratifying to note that public interest in the Centennial Exhibition is steadily increasing, and that all the present indications presage a marked success. Already the applications for space from our own people are nearly equal to the entire area set apart for the United States, and there is good reason to believe that in the departments of useful machinery, manufactures, and natural productions, the display will be grander than anything of the kind the world has heretofore witnessed.

LAST Saturday HENRY WARD BEECHER mortgaged his house and lot to the United States Trust Company for $15,000, in order to pay off two prior mortgages given by him to the Brooklyn Savings Bank, and the papers in the traisaction were filed on Monday. The fact has given rise to a number of fresh rumors as to the alleged settlement of the TILTON-BEECHER suit. Should it really turn out that the matter has been compromised, the worst enemy the great preacher ever had could hardly ask a more open confession of guilt.

THE Republicans of the old Twenty-Third Congressional district have done themselves honor in electing Col. JOHN M. THOMPSON to fill the unexpired portion of Mr. MCJUNKIN'S term. Brief as his period of service will be, it will yet, we doubt not, be of sufficient duration to practically convince the electors of the district of the thorough wisdom of their choice. The result also suggests that the bucketfuls of wit and sarcasm which the opposition have poured out over the supposed demise of the Republican party, may quite possibly turn out to have been premature. Funerals are awkward affairs when the "corpse" is not dead.

THE Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* says that some of the members of the Board of Managers of the National Homes for disabled soldiers are inclined to favor the admission of soldiers of the Confederacy on equal terms with those of the Union, and predicts that such a proposition will be made within the next two or three years. It is quite likely. It would be in accordance with the Democratic fitness of things. We predict, too, that an ex-rebel General will be made Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs in the next Congress, and another of that on Invalid Pensions to Union Soldiers.

THE detailed statistics of the British Board of Trade return for November have not yet reached us, but the London *Times* says they show results very similar to those of the past few months, a decline in values, accompanied by a fair increase in quantities. Taking the returns as a whole, however, the *Times* says they must be deemed satisfactory, "the population generally obtaining articles of domestic consumption, with few exceptions, at lower prices, and manufacturers being enabled to supply themselves with raw materials at sources that, with the comparatively moderate wages now ruling, all that seems necessary is some slight stimulus to enable a good trade to be done in the course of the next few months."

WE DOUBT the good sense of those well-meaning people who have just adjourned at Boston after making another loud appeal to the country to put "GOD in the Constitution;" which means, perhaps, quite as much as it means anything else, putting the preachers into Congress. Pope PIUS and his cardinals take a short cut and declare the decrees of the Vatican infallible, but this is not the case with the Constitution of the United States. Probably the movers have not reflected that even if they should succeed in getting the name of GOD into our fundamental law, it is not at all unlikely that, under the usual process of amendment, it might eventually be voted out again. These attempts to make the Deity the subject of political and parliamentary experiments, however well intended, are neither reverent nor wise.

VIRGINIA appears to consider herself out of the Union, yet. A Democratic Senator of that State, named GRAHAM, some time since received $1,700 for procuring the appointment of a postmaster; a portion of which money, he caused it to be understood, was handed over by him to Representative STOWELL, a Congressman from the same State. This is denied by the latter, and GRAHAM bluntly refuses to appear before the investigation committee to testify on the ground that, being a member of the Legislature of the sovereign State of Virginia, attending to his duties, he is not bound to respond to the process of the Congress of the United States. The fellow probably lied in his statement as to the disposal of the money, and is too great a coward to acknowledge it. But his contumelious subterfuge should not for a moment be allowed to screen him. He should be yanked before the committee by the nape of the neck, if necessary.

SPIRITUALISM AND MR. R. D. OWEN.

Paris is just now favored with the presence of a spiritual medium named ENRIQUE MATO, who is believed to possess transcendent powers. This reputation, however, MATO has not acquired in the French capital, but brought it with him from the island of Cuba, where his performances were of the most amazing character. Shortly before leaving Havana, at one of his seances he summoned the spirit of CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS, and by the phenomena exhibited, "the spectators, though all men to whom fear is a stranger, were deeply agitated." It must have been awful. This Mr. MATO seems worthy of particular mention on account of the definiteness and precision of his views on the subject of spirits. He is not one of those dreamy, foggy, uncertain speculators, who seek first to excite and then to puzzle rational curiosity by affecting ignorance of the very questions which inquisitive minds most eagerly desire to have answered. As to some of those subjects Senor MATO'S mind appears quite made up. Spirits, he affirms, when separated from the body hover for awhile between the earth and the moon. The duration of this intermediate period is determined in each case by the habits of the spirit while a dweller in the flesh, in other words, by its piety or impiety, its virtue or its vice. And by the same considerations the final abode of the spirit is determined. Every spirit is assigned to one or another of the planets of the solar system as its final abode. Uranus being the place which the preacher celebrated by POPE never mentioned to "ears polite." Some American spiritualists will be displeased to learn, that, according to Senor MATO'S information, spirits when once placed in the planets to which their deserts entitle them, are never more permitted to visit or have any relations with the inhabitants of earth. To this general rule, however, it should seem that there are occasional exceptions. At least the reporter of Mr. MATO'S teachings understood him to claim that he succeeded in interviewing "spirits from the stellar abodes." It is possible that the extreme rigor with which orthodoxy is enforced in Havana may have had some influence in modifying his statements.

It is useless to say that such babble is not worth repeating or thinking about. However contemptible or unworthy of notice at first, the spiritualist superstition has spread until at this moment it undoubtedly occupies the minds of millions of men and women. Persons exposed by natural constitution or by circumstances to such influences, are everywhere interested in the subject, and if not already devotees, are prepared to embrace the first opportunity of becoming such. The most civilized and advanced nations appear to be most open to the infection. It is in England and the United States that the delusion meets with most favor and is most rapidly extending, but it is slowly making way in most countries of Christendom. Indeed, there is some reason to believe that the stir and talk caused by it afford no sufficient indication of the progress of the superstition in any part of the world. For those persons who are not disgusted and repelled by it from the first, by its so-styled facts and suggestions, it seems to have a peculiar fascination. Once fascinated, they desire to find its pretensions well founded, with an eagerness of credulity which no absurdities revolt, and which hardly any exposure suffices to overcome. Persons of widely different characters and degrees of intelligence seem almost equally attracted by its revelations; persons of the class who have never ceased and never will cease to believe in ghosts, because they cherish the notions and traditions which favor their appearance, and persons who indulge longings to gain some glimpses of the invisible world. They long for positive evidence of immortality, follow in imagination departed friends and try to form some distinct conception of their unseen conditions. Mrs. BROWNING may be mentioned as an example of one who was thus led to accept the spiritualist superstition with all its repulsive features, and when one recollects what she was, one need not wonder that feebler intellects are befooled by the mystery. The fact probably is that many having admitted the imposture to dominion over them, speedily cease to perceive its real characteristics. They idealize it and mould its features to the requirements of their own mind and heart. It is a very common metamorphosis: the lover does not more uniformly "see HELEN'S beauty in a brow of Egypt" than the devotee transforms his creed or his deity. Be that as it may, probably thousands, and some say millions, privately cherish the spiritualist delusion, who shrink from ridicule of themselves, without feeling that general ridicule of or contempt for their ghostly creed in the least affects its claims upon them.

Mr. ROBERT DALE OWEN has manifestly long felt that he has received the high calling of an apostle of the faith. He is clearly one of the truest and most sincere of men; and nobody can read his writings on the subject without receiving the impression that he was gradually drawn into the superstition by its promises of light concerning matters of immense moment to him, matters upon which he had brooded with hopeless longings. It is equally clear from his works that he has either never seen or refused to know the darker, depraved sides of human nature. This truth is *scarcely* betrayed in his last letter touching the KATIE KING imposition. Mrs. HOLMES, with solemn oaths protesting innocence of a proved wrong revealed a "phase of human nature completely novel to him!" Still, however, he retains faith in the HOLMES couple as powerful mediums, and even believes that the genuine KATIE KING may have been seen through their agency. And doubtless Mr. OWEN will continue his spiritualistic apostleship with zeal more earnest and self-denying than ever. He sees that the delusion has received a terrible blow, and that the good cause calls for a renewal of self-devotion and energy on the part of its adherents. Such and only so much is the result of the exposure at Philadelphia in so far as the ablest and most influential expositor and propagator of the superstition is directly concerned. But, indirectly, other results may be looked for. Heretofore, a great many of Mr. OWEN'S readers have been unable to believe in his simplicity and gullibility. Though in writing, especially of late, he often writes twaddle, he has considerable power of statement, and this, in connection with his evident honesty, makes his writing somewhat influential in commending its subject to public attention. Many find difficulty in rejecting phenomena so honestly alleged and so plausibly presented. In future, so long as the KATIE KING imposture shall be remembered in its details, no person of sense, however predisposed to admit superstitious delusions, can place any confidence in Mr. OWEN as an investigator. His books may be read for their more or less amusing gossip, but as arguments in favor of spiritualism they are harmless.

BLACK for Senator, in Pennsylvania. Senator EATON, in Connecticut. VOORHEES for Senator in Indiana, WOOD for Speaker! Democracy is surely and systematically building on the old foundations. We begin to see ways and means by which the "restored and undefiled Constitution" is to be brought back again.—*Buffalo Commercial.*

Add to these signs and portents the decision of the Supreme Court of Indiana, that even colored children out of school the passage of peonage laws in Arkansas, Georgia and Texas; the closing of the free schools in the former State and the wholesale sweeping away of all the constitutional guarantees against class legislation, secession and the assumption of the rebel debt—the slaughter at Conshatta and at Vicksburg, and other damnable iniquities which are filtering out of the Southern question day by day—and the "ways and means" alluded to by our contemporary will assume a yet more suggestive significance.

PERSONAL.

Consul-General Badeau, at London, intends shortly to take to himself a companion in wedlock.

Senator FERRY, who went to Washington expecting to remain during the present session, has gone to his home in Connecticut seriously ill.

JOHN BULL is so jealous of our reception of the King of Hawaii that the Sultan of Zanzibar is to be cleaned up and clothed for a visit to England.

Some one writes the Philadelphia *Bulletin* that Katie King originated in Toledo, and first materialized there. But the Toledoans were too "smart" for her. They exposed her, and then she traveled in towns where they are less bright.

The *fac simile* letter purporting to have been addressed by one of the kidnappers of Charlie Ross to a gentleman who was negotiating for his return, and published in the New York *Herald* a few days ago, proves to be an infamous forgery.

During the Yellow Stone expedition of 1873, Dr. Honsinger and Mr. Bolivar, of the party, were murdered. A few days ago the murderer, a Chief of the Uncopapas band of Sioux, named "Rain in the Face," was arrested at "Standing Rock" and taken in irons to Fort Lincoln.

Mr. Henry Washington, cousin to the Father of his country, died at Shreveport, La., on Monday week last, aged eighty years. He had only recently arrived in Shreveport, where he entertained the idea of following the profession of surveyor, a calling he had practiced for many years in Washington City.

James Wylie, a Scotchman, otherwise known as the "herd laddie," has been making a triumphal procession through the United States and Canada with his checquer-board. Hitherto his career has been unchequered, the "wiley chiel" having beaten everybody who came in his way. How many drafts he may have drawn is not stated, but they are presumed to be considerable.

Apropos of the recent centennial celebration of the Boston tea-party, the following inscription on a tombstone in the Wellsburg (West Virginia) cemetery, is particularly interesting. It was copied a few days ago: "Captain Oliver Brown, of the Artillery of the Massachusetts Line, Revolutionary War—born in Lexington, Massachusetts, 1752. Was said in front of the first cannon fired by the British on the Americans in the affray at Lexington—witnessed the tea-party in Boston harbor—was at the battle of Bunker Hill—commissioned by Congress 16th of January, 1776—commanded the volunteer party that bore off the leaden statue of King George from the fortifications of New York, and made it into bullets for the American army—bore a conspicuous part in command of artillery at the battles of White Plains, Harlem Heights, Princeton, Trenton, Brandywine, Germantown and Monmouth. After serving his country, he enlisted in the armies of the Son of God, and surrendered to the last *Enemy* on the 17th of February, 1846, in the full assurance of a never-ending peace."

A marvelous development. In 1870 the assessment of Colorado Territory was $16,778,005; in 1871 it was $24,112,078; in 1872 it was $31,260,237; in 1873 it was $35,582,439; and this year it is $41,393,086.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

BANCROFT'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES. Vol. X. Published by Little, Brown & Company, Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

While this volume is the tenth of the series, it is the fourth of the History of the American Revolution, and completes that momentous period, from 1778 to the conclusion of the Peace negotiations with Great Britain in 1782. It was an epoch unequaled, except, perhaps, by the late civil war. This history, virtually the work of a life time, gives abundant evidence of the painstaking care of the distinguished author. The purity of style, its luminousness and beauty of language, renders it equal to an English classic. It is worthy of note, the extent, important and rare opportunities Mr. Bancroft had to consult original documents, accessible to comparatively but few persons. This fact enhances the value of the work. After patient and exhaustive labor, during which an immense number of documents have been carefully examined, we have therefore in this volume the fruits of years of toil. So completely and conclusively have the points of history been stated, that it will be regarded as a guide to future historians. In the preparation of the work Mr. Brancroft gives undoubted evidence of his thorough American ideas. He regarded the policy of foreign nations as an essential element in the establishment of American Independence. Important historical points are seen more clearly than ever before, from the facts brought to light by this distinguished author. The general merits of the history are so generally known, that it is unnecessary to give a more extended notice of it at this time. There is a hardness and conciseness in the language employed by Mr. Bancroft that is visible throughout, so that each sentence is rounded up perfectly, that rarely a word is wanting, or an unnecessary expression introduced. It is a model in this respect. Also, for sale, by S. A. Clark & Co., Pittsburgh.

THE SCOTTISH PHILOSOPHY. Biographical, Expository, Critical. From Hutcheson to Hamilton. By Rev. James McCosh, LL.D., D.D., President of the College of New Jersey, Princeton. Published by Robert Carter & Brothers, New York. For sale by W. W. Waters, 193 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh.

It must be conceded that President McCosh is admirably qualified to grapple with a subject which assails the sophistries of the German materialistic writers, and envelopes the minds of so many English-speaking scholars of the day, that it is gratifying to have the sober and substantial philosophy of old Scotland reproduced in such an attractive and convincing form. In these sketches of distinguished scholars and writers of Scotland, the author has discussed the question from the standpoint that the philosophy of Scotland is part of the history of the country. While some of the articles have appeared in foreign quarterly reviews, most of the material has never been published, and the whole has been carefully rewritten. This work is invaluable in many respects, and ministers and teachers of all denominations should procure it. Dr. McCosh is peculiarly gifted for the preparation of a work of this character, and he is as sa e a guide to follow as he is learned and qualified to lead and govern minds under him. Carters have printed the book in beautiful style, and robed it in a modest, Quaker-like garb. We hope the volume will be widely circulated.

THE LIFE AND TIMES of Rev. Gerge Peck, D.D. Written by Himself. Published by Nelson & Phillips, New York. For sale by Dr. J. Horner, 129 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

Dr. Peck's wonderful career as a minister, for more than half a century, is as much a part of the history of the country, especially of the early times in the Eastern portion of this State, and the district of New York State bordering on our State line, as of the denomination of which he has been has been an honored minister and member for over sixty years. Although the venerable Doctor is now on the verge of four score years, this autobiography shows the vigor of his cultured mind. It is, therefore, as much a history of the "Times," in view of its civil and religious historical facts, as a "Life" of this minister. For fifty-seven years he was an effective minister, during which time he was for sometime in charge of educational institutions, twelve years editor of important Church publications, and much of his pastoral life was in the responsible office of Presiding Elder. He was thirteen times elected delegate to the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the highest ecclesiastical body, which meets every four years. Perhaps he is the only living minister who has been so honored. Besides his official and ministerial life, he was the author of several important books. In 1836 he received almost votes enough to elect him a bishop. In the fall of 1858 he and his wife started on a Western journey, leaving Wilkesbarre, Pa., by canal packet, and after a tedious journey of *six days*, reached Pittsburgh, and for a while were the guests of the late James Borbidge, who formerly lived on St. Clair (now Sixth) street, of this city. He says: "Here we learned to our consternation that the Ohio was so low that it was not navigable. Three thousand travelers, it was estimated, were gathered in the city, waiting for the moving of the waters. We were detained there three weeks." Rather a sorry picture for Pittsburgh. Finally they got off, and after serious mishaps by the ice, reached Wheeling several days, changing boats twenty-seven in ninety-six miles. It is a delightful autobiography, and has the flavor of romance. The publishers have gotten up the book in fine style.

TALKS WITH GIRLS. By Augusta Larned. Published by Nelson & Phillips, New York. For sale by J. Horner, Methodist Book Depository, Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

No young girl can read these "Talks" without learning something they never knew before, and receiving solid instruction. They are not of the namby-pamby style, but sensible, wholesome, pure and sweet-spirited. These "Talks" are not lectures, such as a matron far up in the decade of years might be apt to give, but they are of a sisterly type, full of heart sympathy, cheering, hopeful. Miss Larned does not talk to girls, but *with* them, as though she was one of a circle of young girls. Girls anywhere from ten to twenty years can join in the "Talks." Forty different topics are embodied, covering the entire range of things which enter into girl-life. It is a book fit for every family circle.

GLAUCIA, A STORY OF ATHENS IN THE FIRST CENTURY. By Emma Leslie. Illustrated. Published by Nelson & Phillips, New York. For sale by Joseph Horner, Pittsburgh.

This charming story is the history of a young Greek slave girl, of the Church of the period of St. Paul, and vividly presents the difficulties with which early Christians had to contend. We have also a graphic sketch of many of the manners and customs of both Rome and Athens, at the time Paul was a prisoner at Rome. It will strengthen young Christians to read such books, and those who are not pious will get an idea of the power of grace over trials and persecutions. The work ought to be in every Sunday School library in the land and family circle.

A FOREGONE CONCLUSION. By W. D. Howells, author of "Their Wedding Journey," etc. Published by James R. Osgood & Co., Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

Those who have read Mr. Howells' "Venetian Life," will be reminded of the delicious flavor of that story, by the perusal of "A Foregone Conclusion." Upon the basis of Venice he weaves in this romance a story that sparkles with bright fancies and crystal passages. The plot is simple and comprises four central characters, each outlined in the most graceful manner. In the unfolding of the story there is much of the daintiness of words and thought so peculiar to Mr. Howells' writings, and yet there is a power and vigor of style wrought in the fabric of this story, that leaves a strong impression upon the mind of the reader. The outline of each character stands boldly out from the picture. It is a powerful romance and will go far towards placing the author's name up still higher in literary circles.

POEMS OF THE FARM AND FIRESIDE. By Eugene J. Hall, author of "Stories of a Winter Night," etc. Published by Janson, McClurg & Co., Chicago. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

There is much in these poems of the "Farm and Fireside," which rouses the better nature of the reader, and awakens pleasant pictures of home life. The modest pretensions of the author completely disarms criticism, and whatever defects there may appear of artistic finish, most of the pieces are the more worthy for the recognition and sympathy for the wants of the masses. There is a nobility of mind even among the toilers of the land too often overlooked, and for this reason we like the flavor of these poems, because they smell of the field and forest, as well as portray the inner life of society at the fireside. Most of the cuts are fine specimens of wood art, and the binding is rich without being gaudy. It is a very sensible gift book, which cannot be said of a good many of this class.

PETER, THE APPRENTICE. An Historical Tale of the Reformation in England. By the author of "Faithful, but not Famous," etc. Published by Nelson & Phillips, New York. For sale by J. Horner, Pittsburgh.

The plot of this interesting story is laid in London, though the characters represent all classes of English society. It was in the time of Henry VIII., at a period of great persecution, and the story shows the victory of persons in humble life over the errors of Romanism. Peter Coppin, apprentice, became the subject of divine grace, and was persecuted, and illustrated in his life and subsequent death the triumphant power of the Gospel. Many of these incidents are historical facts, which adds to the interest of the book.

MORE BED-TIME STORIES. By Louisa Chandler Moulton, author of "Bed-Time Stories," etc. Published by Roberts Brothers, Boston. For sale by S. A. Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

Few writers combine so much delicacy of sentiment and felicity of expression in writing for the young, as Mrs. Moulton. The first series of "Bed-Time Stories" were gems in their way, and this volume, if anything, surpasses the first, and the verdict of the young people will bear us out in this opinion. There is a degree of reality and truthfulness about these little stories, that will impress young minds. Parents will do well to place such books in the hands of their children.

THE MAN IN THE MOON, and Other People. By R. W. Raymond. Published by J. E. Ford & Co., New York. For sale by S. A. Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh. Price $2 00.

This is a charming gift book for the holiday season. It is square 16 mo., extra cloth, beveled boards, handsome guilt and ink stamped sides, guilt edges. There are about a score of tip-top stories in Mr. Raymond's graceful style. They embrace Fairy stories, Wonder stories, Christmas, stories, Thanksgiving stories and others of a similar character. They are bright and cheery and just the thing for young folk. The illustrations add to the beauty of the book. Mature readers will find much to admire in these stories.

MISCHIEF'S THANKSGIVING. By Susan Coolidge, author of "What Katy Did," etc. Published by Roberts Brothers, Boston. For sale by S. A. Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

Our young friends who have read "What Katy Did," and other works of this delightful story writer, will readily imagine the beauties of this little volume. The text and illustrations are in full harmony, and while there is a vein of rollicking humor in this story, there are underlying lessons of morality and right doing. It ought to have a wide sale at this season of the year.

GIPSY'S TRAVELS. By Josephine Pollard. Published by Nelson & Phillips, New York. For sale by J. Horner, Pittsburgh.

Young persons will admire the dash of the author. There are many things to commend in this story of the "Gipsy's Travels," and the author has made it so attractive that the attention of the reader is held from beginning to end. It is a fit book for the Sunday School.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

"From hill to hill, like sentinels,
The bells responsive cry,
And sing the birth-day of the Lord
From vale to mountain high."

Are you all ready for Christmas? Have you anticipated the wants of the poor?

The New York *Herald* has got "new heads" for its editorials. Now let it get new brains.

Colorado is like a miss at her school examination, anxiously waiting to see if she will "pass."

The Louisville *Ledger* makes a great mistake when it reminds us that it is still above ground.

That Irish Home Ruler, Dr. Butt, is coming here to lecture. We shall have to make a butt of him.

George Alfred Townsend has suppressed the signature of "Gath." Who will now suppress Townsend?

It turns out that the national Hawaiian hymn is none other than the inspiring air of the Mulligan Guards.

The Mormons of Utah propose to emigrate *en masse* to Mexico. Such, at least, is the rumor in the latter country.

Down-hill business. A Binghamton, New York, firm has manufactured, thus far this season, 23,000 children's sleds.

A Southern Democratic editor thinks that "all the fools in America visit Europe." When did he return—or is he just going?

We hear of contributions for the relief of the famine-stricken people of the far West, almost everywhere except in our own city.

Chicago is frantically trying to discover means of consuming the smoke of furnace chimneys in some way better than inhalation.

Let Congressmen think of it. It has been decided by a Virginia court that boys have no right to roll one another in the mud.

If there really be any hygienic similarity between the human stomach and the brain, then the *Post* is afflicted with chronic dyspepsia.

The National Butter and Egg Association offer seven hundred dollars in prizes for practical and scientific essays on butter and eggs.

From bad to worse. Ex-Governor Warmouth, of Louisiana, has become the owner of the White League New Orleans *Picayune*.

The Supreme Court of Iowa has just decided that a debtor may recover all money paid for liquor sold in that State in violation of law.

Dubuque, Iowa, has a living man with two ounces of his brain gone. But Pittsburgh has a Democratic editor with all the brain gone.

Thirty-four out of the thirty-six telegraphic wires in use between Boston and New York were carried down by a storm last Monday evening.

Mexico declares that there is no foundation for the report that negotiations for a cession of any part of its territory to Germany are going forward.

Significant. Every Democratic Senator who has yet spoken in the United States Senate on the District of Columbia question, has opposed suffrage there.

The Syracuse, New York, University is in luck. It has had $175,000 secured to it since last June, which places its present endowment at about $800,000.

The Baltimore *American* has been sued for libel by Judge Yellat. That paper undertook to yell at the Judge a charge that offenders got off easily in his court.

An asylum for indigent, debilitated, nervous people who are not insane, is a novelty in this country, but one is shortly to be established in Massachusetts.

A growing trade. Chicago has imported direct from the producing countries during this year, up to December 1, 24,230 half-chests of Japan teas, and 7,350 half-chests of green.

Those two Californians, Flood and O'Brien, who are now, by reason of rises in the value of mining stocks, richer than Jones and Sharon, commenced life as bartenders.

The iron manufactures of Newark, N. J., aggregate an annual product valued at $7,062,000, and distribute weekly wages amounting to $45,210 among 3,759 employees.

The latest thing in human pisciculture is the gosselin vest. It enables its possessor to walk comfortably upon the sea, and to paddle his own canoe like a first-class porpoise.

The associated anthracite coal companies are conferring together for the purpose of arranging matters for next year's business. The general impression is that prices will be reduced.

The Buffalo Board of Trade has adopted resolutions in favor of a reduction of canal tolls to half a mill per mile per thousand pounds of grain, and one-half the present rate on lumber.

One thousand cheeses, weighing from 300 to 600 pounds each, one weighing over 1,200 pounds, and one weighing 2,200 pounds, were shipped from New York to England one day last week.

It is affirmed that one hundred per cent. per annum on the capital invested in developed mines, taking the poorest with the best paying, is less than the average profit realized in California.

Isn't it amazing that so many people who find the fundamental principles of the Christian religion too much for them, accept the juggleries of "spiritists" without any difficulty whatever?

Luminous. A Cincinnati plaintiff states that the horse and wagon and harness claimed by him in his action "*is a black mare* with a small white star on her forehead and some little white on back hoofs. She is about fourteen hands *tall* and small frame worth $160. The wagon is atop two spring wagon with *patten wheals.*"

A Valuable Medical Treatise.

The edition for 1875 of the sterling Medical Annual, known as Hostetter's Almanac, is now ready, and may be obtained, free of cost, of druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the United States and British America, and indeed in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. This Almanac has been issued regularly at the commencement of every year for about one-fifth of a century, it combines, with the soundest practical advice for the preservation and restoration of health, a large amount of interesting and amusing light reading, and the calendar, astronomical calculations, chronological items, &c., are prepared with great care, and will be found entirely accurate. The issue of Hostetter's Almanac for 1875 will probably be the largest edition of a medical work ever published in any country. The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburgh, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Assets January 1, 1873 - $778,251 56.
CHARTERED IN 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 8 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Book of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.
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43 South Diamond St., Allegheny City.

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GREAT Closing Out SALE!

$125,000

WORTH OF

Dry Goods

Marked Down to Close Out!

James Caldwell & Co.

Have Marked Down the Prices of their Large Stock of Dry Goods with a view to Close Out, preparatory to Removing to their New Store in the Fall.

Buyers in want of Goods will find this a rare opportunity to purchase Choice Goods, at Low Prices, as many Goods will be sold

REGARDLESS OF COST.

The Stock is now Complete in Every Department.

To Secure Choice Seasonable Goods it will be necessary to call early.

A choice lot of Pure Silk Warp Hernanis reduced from $1 25 to $1 00 per yard.
Black French Silks, from $1 50 to $1 25 per yard.
Black Alpacas, from 50c to 37 1-2c per yard.
Chintzes, from 31c to 20c per yard.
Fancy Dress Goods, from 25c to 15c per yard.

James Caldwell & Co.,

118 and 120

Federal St., Allegheny.

BANK STATEMENT.

Thirty-Ninth Semi-Annual Report OF THE

Dollar Savings Bank,

124 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

LIABILITIES.

Amount Due Depositors December 1, 1874	$2,681,936 37
Dividends Due December 1, 1874	102,165 99
Contingent Fund	170,236 52
Total Liabilities	$3,954,391 08

ASSETS.

Loans on Bonds and Mortgages	$2,729,962 97
Mortgage Interest Due	15,513 00
Bills Receivable	4,000 00
Stock in Pittsburgh Banks	14,634 04
U. S. 5-20 Bonds, 1865	350,000 00
U. S. Six Per Cent. Bonds, 1881	50,000 00
U. S. Six Per Cent. Currency Bonds	100,000 00
Real Estate	148,782 08
Bank Furniture, Safe, &c.	15,971 95
Cash in Banks and on Hand	174,427 04
Total Assets	$3,954,391 08

Present Number of Depositors 9,503, averaging $299 80 each.
December 1st, 1874.

The undersigned Auditing Committee respectfully report that they have examined the Treasurer's Report for the last six months, ending November 30th, 1874, and have examined the Assets of the Bank consisting of Bonds and Mortgages, Deeds of Real Estate, Certificates of Bank Stocks, Bills Receivable, U. S. 5-20 Bonds, 1868, U. S. Six Per Cent. Bonds, 1881, U. S. Six Per Cent. Currency Bonds, and the Cash in Bank and on hand, and find the same to correspond with the above report.

P. H. HUNKER,
J. J. GILLESPIE,
H. J. LYNCH,
MALCOLM HAY,
Auditing Committee.

The Trustees have declared a Dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. for the last six months, payable November 30th, 1874, free of Government tax, and payable forthwith. If not drawn will bear interest from 1st inst.

CHAS. A. COLTON, Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, December 18, 1874.

PROPOSALS.

ALLEGHENY ARSENAL,
PITTSBURGH, PA., December 21, 1874.

PROPOSALS FOR FRESH BEEF.

SEALED PROPOSALS in duplicate for supplying the Troops at this Post with FRESH BEEF for six months, commencing the 1st DAY OF JANUARY, 1875, will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A. M. DECEMBER 28TH, 1874.

The names of two reliable bondsmen will be required with the proposals.

The Beef must be of the best quality, from the highest grade of Cattle—Cows, Shanks and Shin excluded, and is subject to inspection by the proper Agent of the Subsistence Department.

All further particulars may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

O. E. MICHEALIS,
Captain of Ordnance, A. C. S.

ESTD. 1858.
DOOLEY'S
YEAST POWDER
THE STANDARD BAKING POWDER
IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PREPARATION EVER OFFERED FOR MAKING BREAD.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is perfectly Pure and Wholesome.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is put up in Full Weight Cans.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes Elegant Biscuits and Rolls.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes delicious Muffins, Griddle Cakes, Corn Bread, &c.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes all kinds of Dumplings, Pot-Pies, Cakes and Pastry, nice, light and healthy.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is the best, because perfectly pure.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is the Cheapest, because full weight.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Be sure to ask for
Dooley's Yeast Powder
And do not be put off with any other kind.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is put up in Tin Cans of various sizes, suitable for Families, Boarding Houses, Hotels Restaurants and River, Lake and Ocean Vessels on short or long voyages.

The market is flooded with Cheap, Inferior Baking and Yeast Powders of light or short weight. DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER is warranted full strength and full weight.
Sold at Wholesale and Retail, generally throughout the United States, by dealers in Groceries and Family Supplies.

DOOLEY & BROTHER
MANUFACTURERS
69 NEW ST. NEW YORK.

DRY GOODS.

CLOSING OUT
TO QUIT THE
RETAIL DRY GOODS
BUSINESS.
A. D. M'Kee
NOW OFFERS HIS
ENTIRE STOCK IN RETAIL
At Greatly Reduced Prices,
TO CLOSE OUT THE STOCK,
AT
No. 59 Market St.
Must be sold out BEFORE JANUARY 1st.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

Useful Articles,
FOR
Presents!

REDUCED PRICES
THE ORDER OF THE DAY!

1,000 DOZEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
FROM $1 00 PER DOZEN, UP.

Mourning Handkerchiefs,
Embroidered Handkerchiefs,
Colored Border Handkerchiefs,
Embroidered Linen Sets,
Fine Damask Tablings,
Napkins and Towels,

HUCK TOWELS.

Grand Reduction of 33 to 50 Per Cent.

On POINT, POINT APPLIQUE, DUCHESSE AND VALENCIENNES LACE HANDKERCHIEFS, COLLARS AND BARBES,
ANTIQUE LACE TIDIES AND MATS,
APPLIQUE TIDIES AND CUSHION COVERS,
SWISS CUSHION COVERS.

Veils and Veilings of all kinds.

Embroidered Slipper Patterns, Cushion and Ottoman Covers,
Foot Rests and Slipper Cases,
Bowel Rug Strips, Chair Stripes, Perforated Card Board Mottoes,
Woolen Scarfs, Hoods, Breakfast Shawls, &c.
Felt Skirts, Quilted Silk and Alpaca Skirts.

WINTER GLOVES,

Of every description for Ladies' and Children's Wear.

Fine Fur Gauntlets,
Men's Alaska and Buck Gloves and Gauntlets,
100 dozen Men's Silk and Cashmere Mufflers,
Gents' Ties and Neck Wear selling cheap,
100 dozen Ladies' Silk Neck Ruffles from 50 cents up.
New Styles Ladies' Ties and Neck Wear.
Scarfs, from 25 cents up.
Jet Jewelry, Hair Brushes, Combs, Fine Portmonnaies and Wallets,
Ladies' Beaver Cloaks, marked down to cost.
Seal Sacques, Muffs, Boas and Capes, at bottom Figures.

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197 and 199
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GRAND CENTRAL ESTABLISHMENT!
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We Have Now Inaugurated Our Thirty-Fourth Annual Exhibition of

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Such as Fancy Goods, Dolls and Toys, new and fresh, of our own importation, Wholesale and Retail. In addition to our Regular Importation we have a Splendid Assortment of

Fine Vienna Pocket-Books.
Fine Vienna Handkerchief and Glove Boxes.
Ladies' and Gents' Russian Leather, Morocco and Seal Skin Satchels.
Writing Desks.
Jewel Cases, Work Boxes.
Paper Mache Desks.
Fine Cigar Cases.
Pearl Card Cases.
Scissor Sets.
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Ladies' Dressing Cases.
Ivory Back-Hair Brushes.
Elegant

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Edward Gregg, R. H. Hadley,
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Where its Officers will be pleased to see all its old customers and such new ones as may favor it with their patronage.
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OF PITTSBURGH,
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Bank of Discount and Deposit.
Stockholders Individually Liable.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.
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Particular attention paid to the Purchase and Sale of GOVERNMENT BONDS.
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WARING BROS.,
Successors to Waring & King,
Commission Merchants in Petroleum and its Products,
49 Fifth Avenue,
Philadelphia address, WARING BROTHERS & CO., 50 Wall street.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, December 23, 1874.

The activity and life of the streets and the shops of the retail dealers is in sharp contrast with the extreme dullness in monetary circles. As a rule the banks are doing very little, and were it not for the "clocks of the thing" they might as well remain closed till Monday morning when they shut their doors to-morrow evening, keeping one person on hand to certify maturing notes that may be presented for payment.

—The stock market has remained steady in price throughout the day, and quotations are higher as a rule than last evening. The probabilities are in favor of higher prices. The question to be answered by operators is whether the market has not already reached the lowest point, and whether the general situation is not one to elicit confidence. It is certainly true that the West is in better shape than at any time for some years past; the South has a rich crop of cotton to dispose of, in most of the manufacturing districts the contest between owners and workmen has resulted in favor of the former and the running time of factories is being lengthened. Those who operate in iron oil, grain and coal, and enter into contracts with the future on the basis of present values, must win a rich harvest. The country must continue to develope and from month to month grow richer. The record of our foreign trade is a very favorable one, showing that we are learning to depend on ourselves. The wonderful recuperative powers of the French people, which has enabled them to pay an enormous war indemnity, and place the finances of their nation on a specie basis, is the result of the consumption of home products, the refusal to purchase supplies abroad, and the long instilled habits of personal economy. Both of these lessons our people are rapidly learning, and the result must tell in the final summing up in favor of the increased wealth of the individual and the nation.

—We present below some facts of interest regarding the Clearing House Association of this city:

The Pittsburgh Clearing House is composed of the following banks, which are officially numbered as follows:

No. 1. Bank of Pittsburgh.
No. 2. Exchange National Bank.
No. 3. Merchants and Manufacturers' National Bank.
No. 4. Citizens' National Bank.
No. 5. Iron City National Bank.
No. 6. Mechanics' National Bank.
No. 7. Allegheny National Bank.
No. 8. First National Bank.
No. 9. Second National Bank.
No. 10. Third National Bank.
No. 11. Farmers' Deposit National Bank.
No. 12. Union National Bank.
No. 13. Peoples National Bank.
No. 14. German National Bank.
No. 15. First National Bank of Allegheny City.
No. 16. Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce.
No. 17. Messrs. N. Holmes & Sons.
No. 18. Tradesman's National Bank.

These banks have until one o'clock to report on the checks against them in the Clearing House; if not returned by that hour they must stand paid.

Below is a list of the other banks represented in the Clearing House, whose checks are regularly cleared, but who are not members of the association. The list gives the name of the bank through which the clearing is made, and the hour at which checks must be reported on if not good.

Anchor Savings Bank, Pittsburgh, clears through the First National Bank, Pittsburgh, subject to return by 1 P. M. same day.
American Bank, Farmers' Deposit National Bank, Pittsburgh, 1 P. M. same day.
Artisans' Bank, Tradesman's National Bank, Pittsburgh, 1 P. M. same day.
Allegheny Savings Bank, Allegheny National Bank, Pittsburgh, 2½ P. M. same day.
Allegheny Real Estate Bank, First National Bank, Allegheny, 2½ P. M. same day.
Arsenal Bank, National Bank of Commerce, 11 A. M. next day.
Allegheny Homestead Bank, Farmers' Deposit National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Bank of Industry, Allegheny National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Braddock's Trust Co., First National Bank, Pittsburgh, 2 P. M. next day.
Central Bank, Allegheny National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Commercial Banking Co., Farmers' Deposit National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Commercial Banking Co., McKeesport, Exchange National Bank, 2 P. M. next day.
City National Bank, First National Bank, P. M. same day.
City Deposit Bank and Trust Co., National Bank of Commerce, 1 P. M. next day.
Diamond Savings Bank, M. & M. National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Duquesne Bank, Exchange National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Diamond Savings Bank, Allegheny, First National Bank, Allegheny, 2½ P. M. same day.
Dollar Savings Bank, Allegheny, Citizens' National Bank, Pittsburgh, 2½ P. M. same day.
Enterprise Savings Bank, Allegheny, German National Bank, 11 A. M. next day.
Fort Pitt Banking Company, Citizens National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Freehold Bank, Allegheny National Bank, P. M. same day.
Fifth Avenue Bank, Tradesman's National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Franklin Savings Bank, Allegheny, Union National Bank, 2½ P. M. same day.
Farmers and Mechanics' Savings Bank, Sharpsburg, Allegheny National Bank, 2 P. M. next day.
Farmers and Mechanics' Bank, Birmingham Third National Bank, 11 A. M. next day.
First National Bank, Birmingham, Farmers' Deposit National Bank, 11 A. M. next day.
German American Bank, Iron City National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
German Savings Bank, Allegheny, Third National Bank, 2½ P. M. same day.
German Savings and Deposit Bank, Birmingham, German National Bank, 11 A. M. next day.
Girard Savings Bank, Allegheny, First National Bank, Allegheny, 2½ P. M. same day.
Hebden Savings Bank, Allegheny National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Hart, Caughey & Co., Allegheny National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
International Bank, German National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Iron and Glass Dollar Savings Bank, Birmingham, Mechanics National Bank, 11 A. M. next day.
Keystone Bank, First National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Lawrence Savings Bank, Union National Bank, 11 A. M. next day.
Liberty Improvement Bank, Citizens' National Bank, 1 P. M. next day.
Masonic Deposit Savings Bank, Allegheny National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Metropolitan Bank, Tradesman's National Bank, 11 A. M. next day.
M., L. I. and Improvement Trust Co., Iron City National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Monongahela Savings Bank, Peoples' National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
Manufacturers' Savings Bank, Allegheny, Allegheny National Bank, 11 A. M. next day.
Nation's Bank for Savings, First National Bank, Allegheny, 2½ P. M. same day.
Odd Fellows' Savings Bank, First National Bank, Pittsburgh, 1 P. M. same day.
Peoples' Savings Bank, M. & M. National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.
People's Savings Bank, Allegheny, Farmers' Deposit National Bank, 2½ P. M. same day.
People's Savings Bank, McKeesport, First National Bank, 2 P. M. next day.
Penn Bank, Allegheny National Bank, 1 P. M. same day.

—The following is a report of the prices of leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board, as received by wire at noon to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.
Pennsylvania Central, sales	73	73½
Pennsylvania Central scrip, sales	70	70½
Reading	37½	37¾
United Companies of N. Jersey	175	
Camden & Amboy	125½	
Cata wissa	8¾	
Lehigh Valley	61¾	62
Central Transportation	11	
Lehigh Transportation	53	
C. & A. St. L. mortgage bonds	74½	
Gold	111½	

GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, WEDNESDAY, December 23, 1874.

The almost universal report of wholesale dealers and jobbers in nearly every department of trade is one of dullness. The only exceptions are in some lines of trade for which there is an especial seasonable demand, and in one or two instances when wholesalers are cutting prices to stimulate the demand. The impression is however that retailers will not enter the market to any extent until after the 1st of January, when it is hoped there will be a reviving and improving market. Values are generally steady. The most important changes which we note to-day are an improvement of about 1c per bushel on corn and the continued drooping character of quotations for oats.

The New York *Bulletin* says: "We have received from Messrs. Mosebach & Humphrey, of Cubinga, an interesting exhibit of the tea trade of the West, and a statement of the progress of that city in the direct importation, via San Francisco, of tea from China and Japan, by which it appears that this year, up to December 1, there had been received in this way 24,250 half chests Japan and 2,200 half chests green, besides consignments from San Francisco of 10,134 half chests Japan, 800 half chests black tea and 3,108 half chests green, in addition to which there had been sales in that market for Chicago, during the time mentioned, of 4,950 half chests Japan and some green tea."

The receipts of the leading articles of produce by rail and river since our last, are as follows:

	Last week.	This week.	Total
Flour, bbls	2,716	2,723	211,041
Apples, bbls	1,462	1,803	3,325
Potatoes, bus	839	1,220	1,878
Corn, sks	9,135	5,527	14,662
Wheat, sks	3,847	3,937	7,084
Oats, sks	9,416	9,660	19,076
Rye, sks	1,700	1,219	3,971
Barley, sks	12,042	21,129	33,171
Butter, pkgs	395	350	995
Bacon, pcs	2,727	2,272	6,999
Hams, pcs	300	574	921
Potatoes, bush	2,240	6,129	8,559
Hay, bales	2,117	2,464	4,581

The following quotations are prices realized on wholesale transactions, unless otherwise specified. On small sales, dealers will charge an advance. Sales of grain, unless stated to the contrary, are free in elevator:

FLOUR AND FEED.

GRAIN—The market continues dull and there is an evident disposition on the part of buyers to hold off somewhat until after the holidays. Receipts continue liberal and a large amount of grain is coming in by river, which makes the aggregate receipts 94,397 bushels during the week ending to-day, against 63,000 bushels for the preceding week. There was a liberal attendance at the Corn and Produce Exchange, but owing to the dullness of business the market was quite light. The principal features of the market to-day were the declining tendency of oats and the improvement in the price of corn.

Wheat—The market is steady and unchanged. The past week's receipts are 8,847 bushels, against 8,867 bushels the preceding week. Most dealers have a consignment contract to millers. There is no change in prices, and there can hardly be any advance until there is an improved demand. The prices are nominally as quote choice Kentucky white wheat at $1 25 @ $1 28 per bushel; extra Michigan white $1 25@1 30; choice Illinois $1 20@1 25; and Ohio and Pennsylvania red wheat $1 10@1 18.

Corn—There is a weak and declining market throughout the greater part of the past week, the demand for shelled corn improved some what, and by the close prices had advanced 1c per bushel was established on the prices of Monday and Tuesday. We note one sale, indeed, at 70c per bushel for prime yellow, low, in elevator, but the general range of the market was at 70@71c, with 72c as the outside as low as 67c. We quote high-mixed at 77@78c per bushel; low-mixed 76@76c, with a somewhat increased stock of shelled corn coming in. The liberal supply, and transactions are comparatively light at 74@75c per bushel, and most of the dealings at 74@75c.

Oats—With a light demand, dealings limited, and increased receipts—amounting to 32,847 bushels during the week, against 19,076 bushels the preceding week,—the market is heavy and the drooping tendency to prices continues. Holders are now generally confident of this nature, and make no effort to force sales as they say, the stock cannot be replaced at present prices, and that there will be a better market for them after the holidays. We note sales of white at 42@42½c per bushel, mixed at 41@42c, and mixed. The dull character of the market is attributed largely to the disposition of purchasers to reduce both their stocks and their liabilities for the ist of January settlements.

Barley—Although the receipts are 16,917 bushels the past week, against 14,250 bushels the preceding week, the market is very dull, and there is little doing, most of the arrivals being consigned to brewers directly. There has been some done to-day, however, at quotations, which are nominally as follows: $1 25 @1 30 per bushel for No. 1 fall; $1 35@1 40 for No. 2 fall; and $1 40@1 50 for prime. Rejected is quoted at $1 00@1 50 per bushel.

Rye—There is a fairly steady demand for rye during the past week, amounting to 3,971 bushels. The market is steady and unchanged, and is quoted at $1 00@1 12 per bushel.

SEEDS—The sales in round lots, yesterday and to-day included the following:

2 cars ear corn, on track	73c
1 car ear corn, on track	74c
1 car ear corn, on track	75c
1 car shelled corn, yellow	76c
1 car mixed oats	44c
1 car mixed oats	42½c

FLOUR—The arrivals continue very large, being 13,233 barrels for the past week, against 9,018 barrels for the week preceding. With such a large stock in market, the supply is in excess of the demand, and trade in round lots is slow and unsatisfactory. Many retailers are buying direct from millers, on account of the extreme dullness of the wholesale trade. We note a sale of 115 bbls No. 2 red wheat flour at $5 50 per bbl. The following are the nominal prices of the local millers: No. 1 white wheat flour $5 75@6 00; No. 2 white wheat flour $5 50@5 75; No. 1 red wheat flour $5 00@5 25; No. 2 red wheat flour $4 75@5 00; Wisconsin $5 75@6 00; Minnesota $5 75@6 00; spring wheat flour $5 25@5 50; Ohio straight self-rising flour in 6 packages, $6 25 @ 6 50; buckwheat, corn meal, old $5 75; new $3 40@3 50; oat meal $7 75@8 00.

HAY—The market continues about former prices, with little improvement in the way of demand, and perhaps a somewhat steadier market. The week's receipts are 4,581 tons, against 2,117 for the week previous. We quote prime timothy, on track, at $25 50@26 00 for No. 1; $23 50@24 00 for inferior $15 00@18 00; baled hay from store is quoted at $28 00@30 00. Loose hay in car lots is quoted at $20 00@22 00 for No. 1; $25 00@27 00 for No. 2. Straw is quoted at $15 00@16 00 @ ton.

MILL FEED—Bran is steady at $1 05@1 10 @ cwt; shorts at $1 25@1 35 @ cwt; middlings at $1 50 @1 60 @ cwt; chopped feed $1 35@1 45 @ cwt; oil meal $1 90@2 00 @ cwt.

GROCERIES.

The trade in standard groceries is in most cases, rather slack. Some instances of improvement in the volume of business done, are notable, but generally speaking transactions are limited, and wholesalers and jobbers have made up their minds to wait for the new year before expecting much brisker times, as retailers are determined to keep their stocks down to the lowest possible point until that time. The coffee market is devoid of any particular interest although prices are considered favorable for renewed activity in this line. Refined sugars are quiet and unchanged, New Orleans molasses and sugars are firm and in full demand. Prices remain unchanged as follows:

Green Coffees.	*Spices.*
Fancy	Cloves @
Choice	Allspice, @
Prime	Cassia @
Good	Nutmegs, @
Fair	Pepper @
Roasted Coffees.	*Molasses.*
Rio, fancy	Strictly choice
Rio, in bulk	Prime
Java	Good
Sugars.	*Syrups.*
Standard A	Ex. white drips
Standard B, sugar drips	Choice
Standard extra C	Lower grades
Standard hards	*Raisins.*
Franklin extra C	Layers
American extra C	Valentia,
New Orleans	Currants
	Prunes
Starch.	
Young Hyson	Common
Imperial	Silver gloss
Japan	Corn
Gunpowder	*Soda.*
Fancy	Bi-carb,
Souchong	Bi-carb,
Rice.	*Candles.*
Choice Carolina	Star, full weight
Patna	Stearine
Rangoon	

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

APPLES—There is no improvement in the demand, which remains confined to jobbing lots. Receipts continue liberal, and the market is somewhat overstocked, and not quotably changed. Transactions are almost entirely in a jobbing way. Extra choice apples are quoted at $2 bbl @ $2 25 for car lots; and $2 50@3 00 for common to medium. On large sales these prices would be shaded. Receipts for the past two weeks are somewhat increased, being 3,325 barrels.

APPLE BUTTER—The supply is large and somewhat larger than the requirements of the demand. The market is quotable at 55@56c per gallon for prime choice.

BEANS—There is no particular change to note in the demand for beans which is quiet in character. We quote prime white navy at $2 00@2 25; medium at $1 80@1 90; fair to good at $1 50@1 70. There is a large stock in first hands and the market is weak.

BUTTER—The demand continues light, the buying being less strictly confined to packing operated to curtail consumption to an almost unknown degree hitherto. We quote at 30@32c for choice; 27@29c for medium; 24@25c for common.

BEESWAX—Prime yellow beeswax is quoted at 31@33c @ lb, in round lots; sales in a jobbing way are made at 38c @ lb.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Buckwheat flour is rather easy, and in large supply at $3 50 @ cwt; $7 00 @ bbl; self-rising buckwheat flour is dull and unsettled. Any jobbing trade is done; we quote in 6 @ packages at $4 25 @ doz packages.

CRANBERRIES—Little change in the market for choice, except that there is very little doing at present. Little improvement in the general demand is looked for until after the holidays, when dealers hope for better trade and better prices. We quote at 15c @ lb for Cape Cods; $12 50@13 00 @ bbl; Sweltzer 18@19c @ lb. Receipts 1,858 bxs for the past two weeks.

EGGS—The market is comparatively steady. We quote at 27@28c @ dozen for strictly fresh in lots; 26@26c in cases; pickled 20@22c. Receipts are liberal, being 95 pkgs yesterday.

CRANBERRIES—Cranberries are in good supply and prices steady with a fair trade. We quote @ $6 00@10 00 for Western; $10 00@12 00 for Eastern; $11 00 @ barrel for Sackett's.

GAME—There continues to be a very large stock, which, being in excess of the demand, rules prices down in a very low notch. We quote as follows: Venison—saddles 16@17c @ lb; whole side 10@12c. Prairie chickens, $5 25@6 25 @ doz; pheasants $4 50@4 00 @ doz; quail $4 25@4 50 @ doz; wild duck $3 75@4 00; rabbits 25c@30c; wild turkeys 20@22c @ lb; 1 gobbler 27 00 for No. 2. Straw is quoted at $15 00@16 00 @ ton.

MILL FEED—Bran is steady at $1 05@1 10 @ cwt; shorts at $1 25@1 35 @ cwt; middlings at $1 50 @1 60 @ cwt; chopped feed $1 35@1 45 @ cwt; oil meal $1 90@2 00 @ cwt.

ONIONS—The market remains quiet and unchanged, with light receipts and a slow demand. We quote at $3 40@3 50 for red; $3 90@4 00 for yellow.

POTATOES—There has been an increase in receipts this week, being 6,129 bushels, against 2,450 for the preceding week. There is not much alteration in the demand, which continues steady, at about former prices, and a fair trade in a jobbing way from store is transacted. We quote at 85@90c @ bushel for prime peerlesses, from store; medium grades 75@ 80c @ bushel.

POULTRY—There is an active trade but a large stock and prices are still very much depressed. We quote as follows: Live poultry—Dressed—Chickens 9@10c @ lb; turkeys 10@12c; geese 7@8c. Live poultry is in liberal supply but no demand, at nominal quotations of 75@$1 25 each for turkeys; 35@40c @ pair for chickens, and 40@50c each for geese. Drawn poultry, rule 1@2c above quotations for dressed.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote dried apples at 5@6c @ lb; dried blackberries 10c @ lb; dried peaches are quoted at 8@9c @ lb for choice halves. Apple butter is quoted at 55@60c @ gallon; Honey is active and firm at 35c @ lb for clover; buckwheat blossom 25c @ lb. Medium pickles are quoted at $2 00 @ bbl; $3 00 @ half barrel.

VINEGAR—The market is dull, and there are few sales. We quote in a jobbing way at 13@ 15c @ gallon for prime; inferior 10@12c.

PROVISIONS.

There is not so much change in the market for provisions here. The downward tendency of the supply markets causes a rather foolish feeling although there has been any very heavy decline as yet. Prices however are somewhat lower. The general feeling of both the buying and selling interest here, is that in view of the heavy packing operations in the West and of the depressed domestic and export demand a very much lower range of prices than have ruled for the past month or more therefore is to carry light stocks and to buy only for immediate consumption. This is apparently the disposition of the trade and the market less fluctuating than it would otherwise be. Quotations rule about as follows:

BACON—The market is easy and prices are somewhat lower. We quote sugar cured at 13½ @13¾c @ lb; rib sides are quoted at 13½@13¾c; clear rib sides 14c; clear sides 13½c.

LARD—There is a fair supply, and prices are easier. We quote plain sugar cured at 11½c @ lb. Refined is quoted at 12½@12¾c, and fat backs 10½@11c; kettle rendered leaf 13½ @13c; beef tongues, per dozen, $7 50.

MESS BEEF—The market is dull and prices are steady. We quote at $22 50 @ bbl.

LARD—There is a fairamount of lard coming in and the market is steady. We quote prime lard, refined for summer use, in tierces, @ lb, 11½c; half bbls, 11¾c; 10-lb pails, do 12½c; 5-lb caddies, do 13c; in 3-lb caddies do, 13½c in 2-lb pails, do 13½c; in 1-lb pails, do 13¾c; in 6-lb tin, 14c.

LARD OIL—There is rather a slack inquiry for lard oils, and the minute extra No. 1 winter strained at 81 @85@1 10 @ gallon.

TALLOW—Sales at 8@9c @ lb for choice, and 6@7c @ for medium.

DRESSED HOGS—The supply is fair, and prices are tending downward. We quote at 8@8½c @ lb.

The Chicago *Commercial Bulletin* gives the following as the average packing of the 1874 points named to date, as compared with the corresponding time last year, and the aggregate last season:

	To date, this season	To date, last season	Aggregate last season
Chicago	858,182	893,865	1,520,024
Cincinnati	250,000	281,250	350,000
St. Louis	275,000	250,000	463,765
Indianapolis	225,000	220,000	280,000
Milwaukee	168,076	214,054	230,000
Indianapolis	171,194	205,750	185,000
Louisville	90,000	93,642	120,000
Cedar Rapids	32,800	52,810	
Sabula	15,000	31,400	

The sales and the following are the shipments of provisions from that point for the week ending December 17, 1874, and since November 1, 1874, compared with 1873:

Shipments, ending	Week 1874.	Same week 1873.	Since Nov. 1, 1874.	Same period 1873.
Pork, bbls	4,458	4,159	47,321	37,913
Lard, lbs	1,752	2,108	18,434	15,504
Hams, boxes	2,362	3,669	5,527	14,184
Shoulders, do	962,746	726,000	6,193,746	5,877,000
Middles, lbs	8,674,941	9,788,962	48,860,043	55,328,749
Bacon, lbs	1,000,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000

against 105,725 pieces the corresponding week last year; since November 1, 1874, 228,908 pieces, against 256,837 pieces the same time last year.

Besides all cut meats, except shoulders and S. P. hams.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, WEDNESDAY, December 23, 1874.

REMARKS—The receipts of cattle on Monday and Tuesday were fair, few buyers present and prices draggy.

To-day, however, the receipts were light, and buyers plenty; prices advanced 20 to 25c per cwt. Shippers should be cautious in their purchases, as they may loose the advantage of this advance in prices ere the close of this week's market.

The hog market was demoralized, the run being too heavy for the demand. Philadelphias fetching from $7 00 to $7 25, and Yorkers $6 00 to $6 75. A large number of Cincinnati hogs were here, which sold at about $6 00 each, bringing prices as to quality and condition.

The supply of sheep was not equal to the demand, and consequently the prices advanced 25 to 50c, but with an increased run next week, prices will most likely decline.

Receipts of Live Stock.

The following are the receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep for the week ending Wednesday, December 23, by car lots:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Thursday	17	24	7
Friday	26	42	2
Saturday	28	32	2
Sunday	33	28	5
Monday	44	9	3
Tuesday	24	17	2
Wednesday	24	27	18

We may here remark that the average of stock carried in cars is: Cattle, 15; hogs, 175; sheep, 200.

Ruling Prices of the Market.

The following were the ruling prices of the market as established to-day:

CATTLE.

Choice, 1,400 lbs	$5 50@5 60
Choice, 1,300 lbs	5 40@5 50
Choice, 1,200 lbs	5 00@5 25
Choice, 1,100 lbs	4 75@5 00
Choice, 1,000 lbs	4 50@4 75
Bulls	3 00@3 50

HOGS.

Best Philadelphias	$7 25@7 35
Good Yorkers	6 60@6 75
Stags and sows	5 00@6 10

SHEEP.

Extra 100 to 110 lbs	6 00@6 50
Good 90 to 95 lbs	5 25@5 75
Fair 75 to 85 lbs	4 50@5 00
Common 70 to 75 lbs	3 75@4 00

Sales and Purchases of Live Stock.

Below will be found sales of cattle, sheep and hogs, as taken from the books of principal dealers in this market for the week ending to-day, from which the reader will read glean the ruling of the market.

Cattle.

SADLER, HAVENS & CO. SOLD.

No.	Wt.	Price.	No.	Wt.	Price.
4	7,900	$2 75	19	17,940	$4 50
19	68,880	6 15	19	21,400	5 25
20	25,100	5 75	20	25,200	4 75
4	4,040	6 00	2	2,370	5 50
2	2,770	6 00	2	2,320	6 00
7	7,870	5 25	3	3,230	5 30
17	17,350	5 60	12	14,210

CITY MATTERS.

Local Observations.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, U. S. SIG. SERV., Room 23, First National Bank, PITTSBURGH, PA., December 23, 1874.

Time	Bar.	Th'r.	Hum	Wind. Dir.	Force	Weath.
7 A.M.	30.09	36	92	W.	Fresh.	Cloudy
2 P.M.	29.96	40	54	S. W.	Fresh.	Fair
9 P.M.	29.88	35	80	.....	Calm.	Cloudy

Mean barometer.....29.95 Highest thermoon 41
Mean thermoon ..... 36 Lowest thermoon 33

The Death of Willie Floyd.

We regret to be called upon to note the death of Willie Floyd, son of William Floyd, Esq., of the American Bank. Deceased was a most promising lad, but sixteen years of age, and was carried off by typhoid fever. Many friends will mourn his untimely demise, while his surviving parents will have the sympathy of a very large circle of friends and acquaintances.

Christmas at St. Peter's.

The congregation of St. Peter's Episcopal Church, corner of Grant and Diamond streets, have decorated their church in a most elaborate and tasteful manner for the Christmas services. This evening the annual "Children's Service" will be held. Carols and anthems will be sung by the choirs. There will be the distribution of gifts from a Christmas tree, and the public catechising of the children by the rector. The services will commence at half-past six P. M. On Christmas day there will be service at half-past ten A. M., with administration of the Holy Communion, and an appropriate sermon by the rector.

Christmas Dinners.

Mr. Jenkins' bill of fare, which will be found in our advertising columns this morning, comprises all the luxuries and delicacies that the veriest epicure can desire to appear on his table to-morrow. Many of our readers well know Mr. Jenkins as one of our most enterprising merchants, but even these will be surprised to note the multifarious dishes which he offers, especially for Christmas dinners. The finest goods in the line are always offered at the lowest prices at No. 29 Fifth avenue, and the preparations that have been made for Christmas will, we have no doubt, be fully appreciated by a discriminating public.

Fires Last Night

About eight o'clock last evening an alarm of fire was given from Oakland, caused by the burning of a frame dwelling on Squirrel Hill, in the Twenty-third ward. The building was owned and occupied by Mr. John Rosenburg. The children had taken a lamp or candle into the second room of the building for the purpose of procuring some nuts, and it is believed that they accidently set fire to some clothing. The building was totally destroyed.

About half-past nine o'clock fire was discovered in the second story of No. 36 Fifth avenue, partly occupied by Messrs. A. W. Erwin & Co., dry goods deniers. The joists of the second floor caught from a grate of, in the front room, occupied by A. J. Stopf, jeweler. The firemen broke into the rooms and put out the flames with but slight damage.

Trinity Church Choir.

It may not be generally known to the music-loving public that there are unusual attractions at Trinity Church, Sixth avenue, on Christmas morning, on the way of music. The choir numbers about twenty-five well-trained voices, headed by a primi quartet, of some of the finest voices in the city. The chanting is done throughout by the choir, being divided into two parts. For this special Christmas festival, quite an elaborate programme has been prepared, in which the solo voices have prominent parts to sustain—a fine Te Deum, Jubilate, Anthem, and other selections making it quite an object, for those who appreciate such compositions, to hear. The quartet consists of Miss Annie Coiville, soprano; Miss H. Hughes, contralto; Mr. Louis Breidt, tenor, and Mr. Pani Boehme, basso. Service begins at 10½ o'clock A. M., precisely.

In Memcry of Mayor Callow.

The resolutions passed by Sheridan Post No. 88, G. A. R., upon the death of the late honored Mayor of Allegheny city, which have been engrossed in the most elaborate style of the penman's art by W. W. McClelland, Principal of the Allegheny Commercial School, will be on exhibition in the window or Geo. Crawford & Co.'s jewelry store on Fifth avenue, during the day, and will be presented to Mrs Callow by the Post this evening. The work has been most artistically performed, and the Post is highly pleased with Mr. McClelland's production. At the head of the sheet is a spread eagle bearing in its beak the badge of the G. A. R., under which in large letters of the Fifteenth Century are the words, "In Memoriam," followed by the preamble and resolutions neatly engrossed. Last of all come the words "Sheridan Post 88, G. A. R." in letters of the Sixteenth Century. Engrossing resolutions is Mr. McClelland's great specialty, and in it he most excellingly excels, as a glance at the production referred to, will amply demonstrate.

Bold Daylight Robbery.

An audacious robbery was committed Tuesday noon at the paper store of Godfrey & Clark, on Liberty street. At that hour a stranger entered the store and asked for straw paper. Mr. Clark, who was the only person there, the clerks having gone to dinner, went to the rear of the store to show his stock to the supposed customer. After an examination of the paper, the man looked at his watch, and remarking that he was in a hurry, said he would call again, departed. Soon after he had left Mr. Clark noticed that the door of the safe was open, and upon examination it was found that the following bills, notes, etc., were taken, amounting in all to something over twenty-two hundred dollars: Check on Wood, Morrell & Co., $211 15; voucher P. C. & St. L. R. R. Co., $12 26; note of Hewlett & Bros., $620 81; note, M. Moore, $889 25; note, A. McGregor & Son, $478 95; bills and scrip to the amount of $946 45. After a few moments before the robbery, Mr. Clark had taken five thousand dollars in bills to the bank, and deposited it. This is the only story: one rascal occupied the attention of the proprietor while another committed the robbery.

Allegheny Finances.

From the report of the Controller to the Finance Committee of Allegheny Councils the following figures are obtained:

The condition of the various appropriations December 23d, 1874 was as follows: Original appropriations, $354,418 68; transfers, $4,853 72; expenditures, $504,507 98; deficiency, $5,676 32.

The receipts from all sources of revenue, including the sale of $75,000 of water and $30,000 of city property bonds, were estimated at $494,192 94; actual receipts, $390,493 56; deficiency, $51,691 81. The amount of unpaid taxes up to December 1, 1874, is $138,157 31.

The Finance Committee decided to report an ordinance to Councils authorizing the City Treasurer to borrow $50,000 for city expenses.

During the year bonds were redeemed and canceled as follows: Park bonds, first issue, $20,000; four per cent., railroad compromise, $10,000; Manchester six per cents, $5,500; total, $47,500. The following bonds were sold during the year: Water bonds, seven per cent., $4,000; water bonds, six per cent. gold, $75,000; city property, six per cent. gold, $30,000; Troy Hill bonds, $23,000; sewer bonds, $96,000; total, $234,000. The amount realized by the sale has been $235,669 19, or $1,160 19 above par value.

The interest on the current daily balance of the city funds, exclusive of the month of December, rests up $3,980 50.

The following statement shows the indebtedness of the city on January 1, 1875: Bonded indebtedness, $1,388,000; Water bonds, 7 per cent., $4,000; Water Bonds, 6 per cent., $75,000; City property, $30,000; Troy Hill improvement, $23,000; Sewer bonds, $96,000; total, $1,622,000; amount redeemed and cancelled, $47,500; actual indebtedness, $1,574,500.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

"The Virginian" will be repeated this evening. Mr. Aiken is entitled to a better support from the public than he is getting, and we hope to see his audiences increase before the close of the week. The play is a pleasant one and finishes materially more entertaining than one sometimes gets at a theater.

Library Hall.

Duprez & Benedict's Minstrels, which are much praised by the press wherever they have performed of late, will begin a brief season at Library Hall this evening. There are several very fine comedians in the company, with Lew Benedict at their head; the corps of vocalists is pronounced excellent, and as the management have the will and the ability to get up something new, all who attend can depend upon being well entertained. Seats can be had at Hale's, 105 Smithfield street.

Seats for "Bohemian Girl."

The sale of seats for the Gounod Club's operatic performances, on Monday evening next, will begin at Kleber & Bro.'s, Wood street, this morning.

Academy of Music.

"The Dumb Boy of Manchester" was played at the Academy of Music, last evening, in excellent style, by Mlle. Marietta Ravel and Mr. Beamer's dramatic company. The play affords ample opportunity for the display of Mlle. Ravel's abilities, and that she made the most of it was evidenced by the hearty applause bestowed. The "Bagbonella," the ballet piece, was also finely played.

This evening "Dumb Boy of Manchester" will be presented. Special attractions have been in active operations for to-morrow—Christmas—afternoon and evening, and all who are in want confidently on being well entertained by Mlle. Ravel and the company. All had better make use of seats by securing them in advance, as the house will be crowded.

Masonic Hall.

The best audience of the week was present last evening, at Masonic Hall, where Mac Evoy's beautiful pictures of Ireland are on exhibition. The most noted scenes in vre Emerald Isle are represented, and the actors and actresses in Mr. MacEvoy's company play a very interesting Irish comedy, in addition, in which there are characteristic songs and dances. The paintings may be seen to-night, and at a matinee tomorrow. The Hibernicon will remain this week only.

Fifth Avenue Theater.

The drama of "Jack Harkaway," with Mr. Hernandes Foster in the leading role, is attracting large audiences at the Fifth Avenue Theater. The play runs smoothly and satisfactorily. It will be repeated every evening, and at matinees on Christmas and Saturday.

Trimble's Varieties Theater.

"Humpty Dumpty" will be repeated to-night. The variety performers are all set down for new acts in the olio, so that a most pleasing entertainment is assured to the patrons.

Concert at Pennsylvania Female College.

The first musical entertainment was given on Tuesday evening before a well-filled house, in spite of unfavorable weather. The programme embraced an attractive variety of instrumental and vocal selections from standard composers, besides several choruses, in which the entire school took part. The audience expressed their approbation of the performances in the most generous manner, in several cases demanding encores. Each member gave evidence of intelligent and careful practice. The choruses were received with unanimous approbation, which was fully merited. They were rendered with rare precision and spirit, and were sung entirely from memory—a fact which contributed much to the general good effect. Mrs. Hershey, the musical directress, may justly feel proud of the results of her work, not only in this particular department, but as well in the indications her instrumental and vocal pupils gave of artistic training. The playing of Prof. Lippert was received with warm bursts of applause, which in one case were only subdued by the prospect of a second piece. The execution of his selections was marked by fulness of tone in the sostenuto, and great clearness and brilliancy in the bravura passages.

Franklin Savings Bank, Allegheny.

George R. Riddle, President.

Stockholders individually liable.

Interest paid on time deposits.

THE OATMAN MURDER.

Conclusion of the Inquest—The Testimony—Nothing Positive Developed—The Verdict.

Coroner McCalla, yesterday, at noon, resumed the investigation into the circumstances attending the murder of John A. Oatman, Superintendent of the Duquesne Coal Works, who was shot on Wednesday morning, the 5th inst., near the mouth of one of the pits, while on a visit of inspection. The jury reassembled at the tipple, where a number of witnesses were examined. The testimony was mainly (we might say wholly) of a negative character, and little, if any, new light was thrown on the mysterious murder. As previously stated, however, there is a possible clue, but it is not sufficient to base an information upon. The jury, therefore, found that the deceased came to his death from gunshot wounds inflicted by some person to them unknown. Following is

THE TESTIMONY.

Mrs. Mary McClelland, sworn—Live near the coal works, where the shooting occurred; was washing on that morning; Mr. Oatman came to the door with a notice, and my daughter took it; went to get my spectacles to read the notice, when I heard a shot; Mr. Oatman had then gone; my daughter said some one was blasting fuse; then heard screams, and went out and saw Mr. Oatman out of the pit; I hallooed over to him if he was hurt, and he said, "Yes, I'm shot." There were no men about; only heard but one shot; I shouted over to Ford's folks, who were burning logs, and they came to his assistance; saw no one go into the pit that morning; knew of no one having any grudge against Mr. Oatman.

Mrs. Jane Garrety, sworn—My husband was discharged from the works two years ago, and I am reduced to a state of poverty. Heard screams that morning, and asked Mrs. Mcclelland what was the matter; she replied that Oatman was shot; I know of no one who would do such a thing; saw no one enter the pit that morning; saw no one with a gun, and saw no one cutting lead into little pieces; don't go about much; never heard any one speak an ill word about Mr. Oatman; we found out it was not Mr. Oatman's fault that my husband was discharged; don't know of any one being secreted about the pit.

Mrs. Elizabeth Tobin, sworn—Don't know anything about the shooting of Mr. Oatman; never heard any threats made against him; have heard repeated shots at night, but never saw any one with a gun.

William Macklin, sworn—Was in my own house, near the mouth of the pit, when the shooting occurred; did not see Mr. Oatman that morning until he was lying in the house; do not know of a meeting of miners held the night before the shooting; I do not think Mr. Oatman did right about the strike, but I never heard any one say anything portending against him, more than the ordinary talk among workmen.

Jacob Beaver, sworn—Live near the mines; did not hear the shot, but heard the shouting; saw Oatman just after he came out of the pit; he walked about twenty-five yards and then sat down; saw no one about the pit; know nothing about a meeting of miners the night before; heard no threats made; there are two ways of getting into the pit beside the mouth; the only gun I own is a fowling piece, owned by Bill Ford; it is a single barrelled shot gun.

Patrick Karney, sworn—Was at breakfast when I heard the shot; went out to see about it; have not been out of our house after night since the troubles began; have seen many of the miners with guns, shooting rabbits, etc.

Patrick Kelly, sworn—Live about one hundred yards from where the shooting occurred; did not know Mr. Oatman was shot until I ran out; helped to dress one of his wounds; there was a meeting at the check-house when the strike commenced; a delegation went down to see on what terms they could go to work, but the company refused to give them the articles; the delegation was Macklin and McAllister; the men were not pleased about it.

THE SEX IS OBSCURE.

Mr. Butler, sworn—Was four or five hundred yards off when Oatman was shot; knew nothing about the shooting; had heard that a party of some twenty-five men going down into the pit masked, and with guns; this was some time since—somewhere about the time the Germans were shot; do not remember who told me about the occurrence; it was in everybody's mouth; have no idea as to who shot Oatman.

Michael Murphy, sworn—This witness was going to cut wood when he heard that Oatman was shot; knew nothing as to who did the shooting.

John Carley, sworn—Heard of the shooting at my store in Wilkinsburg by request; took the horse up to see Mr. Oatman; on the way I met Mr. Dunegan and Jimmy Duffy; when I got back Dunegan was at my house, and stayed there until noon; he had no special business with me that morning; there was a meeting in the woods, perhaps two weeks before the shooting; I furnish the neighborhood with provisions, and was going along the road with a barrel of flour when I saw a number of men together; they said they were "log-rolling."

James Kane, sworn—This witness knew nothing about the shooting of Mr. Oatman; heard about the masked men entering the pit some weeks ago, when the two men were shot.

Michael Kennedy and James Boyle were next examined, but their testimony threw no light on the murder.

"I DID NOT DO IT."

John Burns, sworn—Know nothing about the shooting; saw Mr. Oatman after he was shot; when I went into the house, Mrs. Oatman asked if I could hold up my hand and say I did not do it. I said I could, and I took him by the hand and said: "I'm sad to see you here and to think you could lay the deed to me." Oatman shook hands me about a year ago. I was "black-listed." I was at Wilkinsburg, with a few others, before Mr. Oatman died. The entrance to one of the pits stands opposite my door within a stone's throw. By it, the pit where the shooting was done, could be reached. I saw Dunegan that morning, near Murphy's house, after the shooting; he spoke about it, but he did not go down to see Oatman. [The witness was closely questioned as to other matters, but he disclosed nothing important.]

Con. Rogers was next sworn, but nothing material was elicited.

"HE RESERVED IT."

George Keil, sworn—Am ticket agent at Wilkinsburg station; on Friday or Saturday evenings, while engaged in making up my report, there were four men in the waiting room talking about Oatman's death; one of them said "he deserved it," and none of them were dissented; I could possibly identify one of the men; [Burns was asked to stand up] that is not one of the men; I would know him if I were to see him. [Burns who had been detained at office his examination, was then permitted to depart.]

THE VERDICT.

A number of other witnesses had been summoned, but they were not called, the jury deeming it unnecessary. A verdict was then rendered that Oatman came to his death at the hands of some person unknown.

Handbills announcing a reward of $1,000 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer have been posted around the mines, and the detectives are doing all they can to discover the assassin.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

In the matter of Daniel Jackson, bankrupt, of Allegheny county, on petition presented, a rule was granted on the said bankrupt, to show cause why he should not deliver to the assignee a certain black horse. Rule was made returnable before N. W. Shafer, Esq., on the 29th inst., and the bankrupt is enjoined from disposing of said property until the said rule is determined.

In the matter of Butler, Browne & Clapp vs Isaac Dickaskey, bankrupt, of St. Petersburg, Butler county. On motion of Francis E. Brown, Esq., solicitor for petitioning creditors, it is ordered that the said debtor file forth with a list of all his creditors, with their places of residences, and the amount due each, and the creditors have ten days in which to join in such matter.

In the case of Joseph Eisely vs. Daniel Duckenmiller, on petition for injunction and on motion for solicitor for petitioner, with proof of service of notice, was presented and order granted for a hearing upon the same on the 30th day of February, 1875, and in the meantime restraining John Burns and John Rinn from performing the act sought to be enjoined.

In the matter of George Ober, bankrupt, of Allegheny county, on petition of debtor pre sented, and on motion of his solicitor, S. C. Schuyler, Esq., the day on which he was directed to appear for adjudication is fixed for the 20 proximo, before Register Shafer.

District Court—Full Bench.

The case of McKinney's assignee vs. Wood *et al.*, has been adjourned until Monday by Judge White, when defendants will open their case. The other two Judges are attending to the argument list.

Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett and Stowe.

In the case of Christian Geib vs. C. C. Smith, the jury found for plaintiff for $2,647 90.

In the case of Philippina Heffernan, administratrix, vs. the Friendship Building and Loan Association, garnishee of Frederick Heidenreich, judgment of non-suit was entered.

In the case of T. D. Casey, administrator of the estate of E. F. Deylin vs. Adam Weigand, the jury found for defendant.

In the case of S. and W. F. Martin vs. James Owens, defendant confessed judgment for $81 28.

In a second case between the same parties, Owens, the defendant, confessed judgment for $81 20.

The jury found for plaintiffs for $1,171 39 in the case of Reedelheim, Bing & Co. vs. Wm. Fecke.

In the case of Phillips & Mittenzwey vs. Elizabeth Harbison, judgment of *non suit* was entered.

W. S. Jackson confessed judgment for thirty-seven dollars and costs in the case of Robert Barnett, Jr., vs. W. S. Jackson and wife.

In the case of Jas. I. Kuhn vs. David Byers, the jury found for plaintiff for $93 67.

The jury in the case of John Vickroth vs. E. L. Cleveland, found a verdict for plaintiff for $98 30.

No jury trials until the first Monday of January.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Collier.

Louisa Ridout *alias* Ellen Williams, indicted for larceny, on oath of Jane Brown, was acquitted.

A *nolle pros.* was allowed in the case of Philip Wiseman, indicted for aggravated assault and battery, on oath of Mathias Katt.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Robert Richmond and M. L. Gibson, indicted for larceny, the jury returned a verdict of guilty as to Richmond, and not guilty as to Gibson.

The indictment against Joseph Bennett and wife, for larceny as bailee, was quashed on an informality, the signature of the prosecutor not having been attached.

The jury is out in the case of the Commonwealth vs. G. Williams, indicted for assault and battery, on oath of Wm. Gabby.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. James Meoney, charged with embezzlement, is on trial. The defendant was in the employ of Riley & Sergeant, news agents, and it is alleged that he embezzled $200 of the firm's money. His defense hold that no intent was ever had to embezzle, but that the money was used in the legitimate pursuit of his business as an employee.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas Bell; John Davis; David Gannon *et al.* (2); George D. Knowlton; Patrick Cownell; James Jackson *et al.*; John Walker; Joseph Heckman; Charles Kellenburger *et al.*; John Madden; Edward Griffin; Anton Kirsch; Daniel Smith *et al.*; Wm. Lang; Alex. Cobb; George Miller; Charles W. Ayers; Thomas E. Sill (3); Evan Jones; Thomas Maline.

Franklin Savings Bank, Allegheny.

Individual liability. Interest paid on time deposits.

THE CITY HALL AUDITORS.

Another Session Yesterday—Examination of Contractors—Judge Mellon and Alex. King Want to Know About Profits.

The Auditing Committee appointed to examine the accounts of the City Hall Commission, met again yesterday morning. Judge Veech was absent. Thomas Steel, Esq., late secretary of the Commission, attended, as did also Judge Mellon and Mr. Alex. King, the last two being anxious to learn how the contractors came out with the work.

Mr. John Mackin, of the firm of Mackin & Alexander, who had two contracts for stone work, one for the foundations and the other for the superstructure, was sworn and examined. Judge Mellon at once asked the witness as to the profits of the contracts, and was answered that, although the question was an improper one and nobody's business but the contractors, witness could not give the amount.

Mr. Mackin emphatically stated that no money and no "inducement" had been given to secure the contracts. Witness was sure the profits were not half as much as the Judge was able to make on speculations.

Judge Mellon—We have got the wrong witness, evidently.

Mr. Steel—Possibly; not for your purpose.

Judge Mellon—Mr. Mackin, how many bonds did you get?

Mr. Mackin—We got $60,000 worth.

Judge Mellon—Are you a stonemason?

Mr. Mackin—I am not a mason, but am a baker. I have been in the contracting business for twenty-five years. I have lived in Pittsburgh forty years, and I defy any one to put a black mark against my character.

Relative to the bonds, Mr. Mackin testified that he made a private arrangement for their sale, and was well satisfied with it. The Commission had nothing to do in the transaction. When the testimony was concluded, the witness said to Mr. Alexander King: "I'd like to have an opportunity to question you as to your profits in certain matters."

D. B. Morris, contractor for the plastering work, was next called, and testified as follows: My warrants for the work were usually paid by the City Treasurer; sometimes not; I paid discounts to the People's Savings Bank amounting to $170; I paid Mr. Schultz $450 for hoisting. Squire Steel—Were any advantages allowed you on this contract?

Mr. Morris—No, sir; I thought you were pretty closely pressed to get a cent to get the contract; I made a very close bid, after full measurement, which took two weeks.

Mr. J. L. L. Enos, contractor was recalled and examined. Some of his testimony was but a repetition of that given at the previous meeting of the Board. He said Altvater was in pretty good condition, financially, but would not say he could do the last work. He could not swear he would employ Altvater since 1860, and could have done the work if he had received the contract; went to Mr. Dwight Walton, who said he could get me the contract for $1,000, and would lend him the money if he (witness) did not make it at the contract; he replied he wouldn't give a darned cent.

Architect Kerr here presented a statement showing the relative cost of public buildings in the country, showing that the Municipal Hall was far from a high figure.

Mr. King—Mr. Kerr, why didn't you give the stone contract to Mr. Knox?

Mr. Kerr—I have already answered the question, and I won't answer it again. I don't know whether Col. Phillips was interested in having the Knox stone contracted, so that he could be brought over his road. I never took the trouble to inquire.

Judge Mellon said he desired to have a statement of the monthly balances in the treasury from the time the City Hall blankets were first collected until the building was completed. He therefore directed that City Treasurer Hague be sent for. The request was complied with, but as the City Treasurer was absent, Mr. Phelps, the City Controller, handed over the articles in the books of Treasurer Alliader were in the Controller's office.

Squire Steel stated that Mr. Magee, City Treasurer, had prepared a statement showing the monthly balances during his own term and that of Mr. Coleman, but had not made them out for Mr. Allinder's term.

Judge Mellon and King intimated that they would like to have the statement prepared, and were assured their wishes would be gratified.

The Board then adjourned until next Monday morning.

A CRUEL SWINDLE.

Three Confidence Men Take a Widow's Last Penny.

One of the meanest swindles that has ever come to our knowledge was perpetrated Tuesday, Mrs. Annie Clemens, a widow residing in the East End, being the victim. It seems the husband of Mrs. Clemens, who died recently, was a member of the order of Odd Fellows. In the afternoon of the day mentioned two men called at her house, representing that they were members with them of which her deceased husband belonged, and stated that they were authorized by the lodge to look after her interests and endeavor to save her property from swindlers, and were anxious to know the exact condition of affairs. While she was still in conversation, a third man rapped at the door and inquired for some person residing in the neighborhood. He stated that he had just been shipping some goods, and wanted to pay him a freight bill. He wanted to borrow the money, and would leave his two gold watches as security for the next morning. The men did not have the $200, and suggested to Mrs. Clemens, if she had the money, to lend it to the man, as he was all right, and that the watches were worth double the amount. She replied that she had only $160. That amount was handed over to the stranger, who, in turn, handed over the "gold" watches, which were found to be plated in a few days); price $600, at only $350. The last named instrument is a beautiful piano, and in tone will certainly rank with any piano made, and you can get elsewhere at $800. These are all undoubtedly bargains such as have never been offered in Pittsburgh before; are all perfect in every particular and guaranteed for five years, just the same as if you gave full price for them. Remember the place is S. Hamilton & Co., 77 Fifth avenue, old number 51, over McCallum's carpet store.

Assorted Candies

a specialty, at K. Blair's No. 29 Fifth avenue, and No. 68 Federal street, Allegheny.

Three Sets

of Chambers' Cyclopedia, in fine bindings, still remaining at

S. A. CLARKE & CO.'S,
115 Wood street.

Brakeman Injured.

Last evening Louis Rabenstein, a brakeman on a freight train of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad, was severely injured. He was standing on the top of a freight car, and when the train was passing under the bridge at Washington street he neglected the usual precaution of sitting down, and was knocked off the car. The injured man was taken to his home, on Chestnut street, Allegheny, where proper attention was bestowed. He was badly cut about the head, and sustained severe bruises on the body and legs.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

JACOBS & NIMICK, of the Novelty works, are crowded with orders.

The rolling mill proprietors have been purchasing large quantities of scrap iron since the puddling furnaces were laid off.

JOHN PRYDE was committed yesterday by Alderman Donley to await a hearing on a charge of larceny, made on oath of Fred. Worth.

THE Cathedral fair has been fairly inaugurated, and is now in successful progress. The attraction are superior to any ever presented, and the attendance has been large.

ALDERMAN O'DONNELL yesterday committed P. Carr, alias O'Brien, for a hearing next Tuesday, on a charge of highway robbery. The information in this case was made by Patrick Dunlavy.

WILLIAM DAW, the man who is charged with felonious assault and battery in attacking Henry Young, the puddler, had a hearing before Deputy Mayor Mitchell yesterday, and was committed to jail for trial.

HARRY DEANE was yesterday committed to jail, by the Acting Mayor, to answer a charge of larceny. The accused is the person who was detected in the act of stealing a lot of Ramaley's, on Fifth avenue. Officer Clem. Kreuter made the information.

ROBISON, REA & Co., have put on an extra force of hands at their foundry for a more speedy completion of a blast furnace order that they have in hand. It is hoped that this may be not merely temporary.

ALL the Pittsburgh stove foundries stopped on Saturday last. This week they are doing only to "take stock" and partly because orders are scarce. Next week they will start again and will depend upon the state of trade.

THE Cathedral *Record*, published by Messrs. Smyth and Kelley, has a large circulation among those who attend the fair in the basement of the Cathedral. It is a neat and readable little paper, and is appreciated on all hands.

JOSEPH MOORE commenced proceedings in ejectment in the Common Pleas, yesterday, against James Bennett, Wm. Flinn, Wm. Caldwell, Wm. Moore and James Moore, the property in dispute being Nos. 1 and 3 in Thompson's plan, in the Eighth ward of this city.

A MAN named C. Daley, residing in Sharpsburg, fell over an embankment in the Eighth ward, Allegheny, on the line of the West Pennsylvania Railroad, yesterday afternoon, his head striking a stone. He was found some time afterward in an insensible condition, and removed to his home.

ANOTHER runaway in Allegheny yesterday. This time it was Mr. F. Delpy's horse and wagon. The animal started at some point on Fifth street, and at Second alley the wagon struck a lamp post, knocking it down, and the post in its fall struck a man, also knocking him down, which ended the fun.

THE National Tube Works, at McKeesport, are running three of their welding furnaces day turn and the other two day and night. They have now employed about four hundred and fifty men, and expect to run all winter. The company will increase their facilities after the first of the New year.

ON Christmas morning, between eight and nine o'clock, Messrs. Case & McPherson, the well known confectioners, will distribute to the poor 1,000 loaves of bread and 300 pounds of beef. The distribution will take place at the office of the firm at the corner of Fortieth street and Liberty avenue.

MR. W. W. Brown will deliver a lecture in the Evangelical Mission Church, on Fulton street, on Sunday evening, December 27. Subject—"The Philosophy of Temperance." A collection will be taken up for the benefit of the church. Mr. Broom is highly recommended as a public speaker.

MR. JACOB FRIDAY, contractor for the stone work on the culvert of the Soho street improvement, met with a very serious accident Tuesday. He was working about a crane with which a heavy stone was being lifted, when the handle slipped from his hand and struck him across the face, mashing his nose and cutting deep gashes on each cheek.

TWO MEN, named James Culp and W. Morehand, were taken to the Central Station House last night. The officers who made the arrest stated that they were attracted by cries of "Watch" about ten o'clock last night, near the corner of Penn and Shetland streets. The cries were uttered by Morehand, who stated that Culp struck him. At the station house Culp stated that the other man struck him on the seventh squares and insulted her. Both were locked up for a hearing.

THE following convicts from Armstrong county were received in the Penitentiary yesterday: Thomas and James Butler, convicted of assault with intent to rob, for the term of nine years and nine months each; David Hair, larceny, fifteen months; David Lowmaster, forgery, two years and three months; —— Breidhoover, larceny, two years and three months; Joshua Hagan, bigamy, fifteen months.

AN accident occurred Tuesday night on the Inclined Plane Railway. The rear truck of the ascending car, when about one hundred feet from the foot of the plane, jumped the track, causing much disorder among the passengers, who hastily left the car and walked down the ladders between the tracks to the waiting room below. The car was replaced on the track, and trips were being made as usual after an hour's delay.

THE *American Manufacturer* says: Some days ago Mr. Harris, President of boilers' union, visited the iron works in Shenango and Mahoning valleys. Immediately thereafter the bolsters in those works notified their employers that if they sold muck iron to the Pittsburgh mills they would strike; likewise. Nevertheless, the Pittsburgh mills continue to move, just as the moon did when the little dog barked at it. We may add that the dog's chances of success were much better than the puddler's chances are this time.

Franklin Savings Bank, Allegheny.

New Iron Front Building, No. 171 Federal street.

Directors:

George R. Riddle,	J. W. Hall,
D. Macfarren,	R. W. Cartwright,
Simon Drum,	Geo. D. Riddle.
R. H. Knox,	

A CRUEL RUMOR.

Reported Murder in Oakland.

About half-past seven o'clock last evening, great excitement was created about City Hall and in police circles, by the report that the wife of W. C. Moreland, Esq., had been murdered by tramps who had entered the family residence, Bellefield, for the purpose of plunder. Police officers and friends of the family hastened to Mr. Moreland's residence in the Fourteenth ward, but found the rumor was but a cruel hoax. The report, it appears, had been brought to the Oakland station house, and neighbors had hastened to the residence. The falsity of the rumor was soon made known, and those who started out from the city learned of it before reaching the house. The report had, however, reached Mrs. Beard, a sister of Mrs. Moreland, and she fainted. Mr. Moreland was on his way from the station to his home when he was shocked, as may be imagined, by hearing that such news was abroad. A neighbor, who had just visited the house, happened to meet the Major on his return. Other relatives and friends were deeply pained by the rumor, and much distress was caused by it.

THE contractors making the improvements on Forbes street are the recipients of numerous anathemas from residents at the west end of that thoroughfare, near Boyd street, whose windows are shattered by the blasting of rocks in that locality.

ELEGANT PERFUMERY.

Fancy Goods for the Holidays.

We are just in receipt of an elegant and large variety of fine articles and perfumery, suitable for Christmas presents, including perfume cases, cut glass cologne bottles [with any name on], ivory hair brushes, Florida, Goldand silver vinegarettes. Fine English Rogers ivory brushes in setts and many other articles of rare taste and elegance. Will be found at McCLAREN & McKENNAN'S.
85 Market street 67 Fifth avenue and corner Smithfield and Fifth avenue.

Also a full line of staple goods such as Lubin's extracts and Atkinson's extra White Rose, Low's toilet soaps. Fine English hair brushes and combs, Farria colognes, French plate hand mirrors.

Family Bibles,

plain and fine, in the best bindings, forsale by

S. A. CLARKE & Co.,
115 Wood street.

J. B. DODGE & BRO.,

BOOKSELLERS.

No. 89 Fifth Avenue,

Between Smithfield and Grant Streets.

Holiday Gifts.

Fine presentation books.
Fine editions of standard authors.
New publications.
Books for children.
Games for children.
Toy books.
Family and pocket Bibles.
Prayer and hymn books.
Writing desks and portfolios.
Portfolios and papetries.
Library inkstands and paper weights.
Gold pens and pencils.
Chess and backgammon boards.
Fine porcelain pictures.
Fine diaries for 1875.
Fine stationary and note papers.
Special attention is called to our fine assortment of
Writing desks, work boxes,
Bronze, gilt, ivory and pearl goods.
Russia leather pocket books, card cases and memorandums.
Call on your way up or down town.

Beautiful Boxes

for Holiday gifts, at Kinder Blair's, No. 29 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, and No. 68 Federal street, Allegheny city.

A Scientific Problem.

One of the most entertaining and curious instruments ever invented is the Kaleidoscope, which presents to the eye of the spectator millions of beautiful and wonderful combinations of shapes and colors; no two of which can by any possibility be alike. This scientific article has long baffled the descriptive ability of the pliliest writers, but the incited capabilities and peculiarities are ever a source of wonder and amusement to both old and young. Mr. P. F. Randolph, No. 87 Smithfield street, has received by the last steamer a large invoice of these beautiful articles, which he is now presenting to all who purchase any of his elegant and fashionable Broadway garments, for men, youths and children, which are being sacrificed during the closing out sale now in progress.

New Books.

All the new books can be found at

S. A. CLARKE & Co.'s,
115 Wood street.

Special Bargains in Pianos and Organs.

We have but three more of those superb parlor gem pianos (Bradford & Co. make) left, and despising further notice they will go to-day (Thursday) and Christmas morning, we have concluded to close these last three out at about cost; we will, therefore, include them at these extraordinary low figures: Style 3, extra, price $275, at $200; style 4, extra, price $300, at $230. These keys are both 7⅓ octave, agraffe treble and are beautifully finished rosewood. Also, No. 5 extra, 7⅓ octave, rosewood case, back finished same as front, full agraffe all through the scale; most elegant instrument (the last of five of this make received from Boston a few days); price $600, at only $350. The last named instrument is a beautiful piano, and in tone will certainly rank with any piano made, you can get elsewhere at $800. These are all undoubtedly such as have never been offered in Pittsburgh before; are all perfect in every particular and guaranteed for five years, just the same as if you gave full price for them. Remember the place is S. Hamilton & Co., 77 Fifth avenue, old number 51, over McCallum's carpet store.

Assorted Candies

a specialty, at K. Blair's No. 29 Fifth avenue, and No. 68 Federal street, Allegheny.

Three Sets

of Chambers' Cyclopedia, in fine bindings, still remaining at

S. A. CLARKE & Co.'s,
115 Wood street.

Bassford's Gallery.

Those in search of artistic likenesses of themselves or friends should visit Bassford's gallery of art, No. 100 Sixth street, late St. Clair. Special inducements are offered to patrons during the holiday season. At this place photographs and pearl ivorytypes that will give thorough satisfaction can be obtained for one-third less money than at any other place in the city. During the holidays eight by ten pictures will be furnished at $1 50, and eight, album size, for $1 00. Mr. Bassford is a Eastern artist and has had the benefit of long experience. His light is the best in the city—and his work is equal to the best. Give Mr. Bassford a call and see the fine specimens on exhibition in his gallery, and we have no doubt you will favor him with an order. 8TTH

An Estey Cottage Organ

would certainly be the most acceptable gift you could give your family, particularly when you could get one of those instruments at such prices as they are now being sold at by Hamilton & Co., 77 Fifth avenue (old No. 51).

Webster Unabridged.

A fine copy on hand, full Turkey morocco gilt, at

S. A. CLARKE & Co.'s,
115 Wood street.

Bradbury Piano at Cost.

A new No. 4 Bradbury, double round corners, 7⅓ oct, agraffe piano, a little shop worn, not on hand more than six days, will be sold for cash, price $750, at $575; also a No. 3 Decker piano, varnish a little shop worn, only $400. These are both rare bargains, and it very seldom occurs that you can buy first-class pianos, as those are, at such prices. Estey organs also marked down to bottom prices. Remember the place is S. Hamilton & Co., 77 Fifth avenue (old No. 51.)

Musical Holiday Goods.

Finest assortment at lowest prices of Pianos, Organs, Sheet Music, Music Books, Music Folios, Violins, Guitars, Music Boxes, Accordeons, etc., at Sinclo's Music Store, 70 Fifth avenue.

Before You Leave

your order for a supper for a wedding party or banquet, must be left at Kinder Blair's, No. 29 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, and 68 Federal street, Allegheny city. His facilities for meeting your requirements are unsurpassed.

Christmas Tree Trimmings.

Immense and varied assortment at Kinder Blair's, No. 29 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, and No. 68 Federal street, Allegheny city.

Photographic Celebrities.

61 Fifth avenue.

Books. Books. Books.

Everything new and good at

S. A. CLARKE & Co.'s,
115 Wood street.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, December 23